

POSTON FAMILY HISTORY

THE HISTORY OF POSTON, SOUTH CAROLINA

FINAL INTEGRATED DOCUMENTARY MANUSCRIPT



ERIC CHALMERS POSTON



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Published by The Poston Preserve.

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PREFACE

This final integrated edition uses the manuscript Poston Family History and the History of Poston, South Carolina as the base text and merges into it the principal source clusters assembled across the project: the revised Poston genealogy, the earlier genealogy on which it rests, the Andrew Poston obituary and related images, the Ellison-Allison-Poston place-name materials, the Florence and County Record newspaper groupings, the twentieth-century family notices, the John Fleetwood Moody file, and the regenerated scrapbook of records, clippings, documents, OCR files, and images.

The purpose of this manuscript is not to display every record in full. The larger scrapbook already preserves the source images and OCR text for indexing. This book does the different work of turning that archive into a coherent historical narrative. It keeps the story readable while allowing the documentary record to strengthen the chronology, correct older family tradition, and separate supported conclusions from weaker inherited claims.

The central historical distinction remains important. Poston, South Carolina was not created from empty land

by one man in a single act. The place belonged first to an older river locality associated with Ellison and with the landing later remembered in overlapping forms as Allison Landing, Ellison's Landing, and Poston Landing. Andrew Poston matters because he gave the older locality its later railroad-era name and public identity. The 1916 newspaper notice that called him the father of the new railroad junction and stated that he gave land so that Poston might be Poston remains the strongest contemporary statement of that role.

The family history also requires precision. The old tradition of two brothers named John and Andrew has been corrected to John and Anthony, with Anthony preserved in family memory as Antney. Andrew Poston belongs to a later nineteenth-century generation. The modern family connection to the town is therefore not a simple father-to-son descent from Andrew himself. It is stronger, and more accurate, as the reunion of two branches: the direct Poston surname line through John Henry Poston and the founder-linked collateral line through Louella Poston, whose branch stood close to Andrew Poston.

This manuscript is written as a finished family and local history. Source notes and registers appear after the narrative so that the book can also function as a documentary guide to the archive.

The source register should be treated as a search aid, not as a substitute for original citation. Newspaper articles, certificates, photographs, OCR files, and manuscript drafts should still be cited according to the original publication, record office, archive, or repository shown on the item itself.

Core indexing terms include Poston, South Carolina; Andrew Poston; John Poston; Anthony Poston; Antney Poston; Hugh Poston; John Henry Poston; Louella Poston;

Lawrence Chalmers Poston; Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr.; Ruth West Poston; Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr.; John Fleetwood Moody; Maxine Moody Poston; Ellison; Allison Landing; Ellison's Landing; Poston Landing; Great Pee Dee River; Florence County; Williamsburg County; Lake City; Manning; Clarendon County; Seaboard Air Line Railway; The County Record; Florence Morning News; The State; The Columbia Record; The Macon News; The Macon Telegraph; Lynches Lake Historical Society; The Poston Preserve; and A Poston Family of South Carolina.

This manuscript is also designed to support search indexing of the documentary archive behind the book. The source-embedded edition places visible, searchable text near source images and source packets so that names, places, publications, dates, and record types are not trapped inside images alone.

SOURCE SEARCHABILITY AND INDEXING NOTE

This Vellum-ready manuscript intentionally omits a manual table of contents. Vellum should generate the navigational contents from the Heading 1 structure after import.

The document retains the source register and embedded documentary plates so that the source-embedded edition remains useful for archival review and search discovery. Source images are paired with captions or surrounding searchable text wherever practical.

For the clean reader-facing ebook, the narrative chapters and appendices may be imported without Appendix E. For the source-embedded archival edition, keep Appendix E in place and export a searchable PDF after Vellum layout review.

INTRODUCTION

Poston, South Carolina belongs to the kind of Southern history that can disappear in plain sight. It is not a vanished city or a county seat that lost its courthouse. It is quieter than that: an unincorporated Florence County community near the Great Pee Dee River, where an older river place became a railroad junction, took a family name, and then settled back into the landscape after its brief period of promise had passed.

That quietness makes the history easier to overlook and harder to reconstruct. The name Poston appears in family papers, cemetery markers, newspaper clippings, railroad references, county-locality materials, and modern place-name usage. No single source tells the whole story. The usable history emerges only when those materials are put into order: first the family migration, then the Pee Dee settlement, then the older Ellison locality, then the railroad-era naming, then the later preservation of memory.

The family story begins in Pennsylvania, not South Carolina. John Poston appears in Chester County in the early eighteenth century, connected to land on a branch of Octoraro Creek. His will names a household that became

the starting point for the later South Carolina line. From that Pennsylvania base, descendants moved south with the larger colonial migration into the Carolina interior. By the time the Postons appear clearly in the old Marion District, they had become part of the river country that later produced Florence County and the place called Poston.

The place story begins before the name Poston. The older locality was tied to the Great Pee Dee River and to the working geography of Ellison, Allison Landing, Ellison's Landing, and Poston Landing. Those names are not merely spelling variants. They preserve the change from a river-centered world to a railroad-centered one. The river made the place useful. The railroad made it visible on a newer kind of map.

Andrew Poston stands at that turning point. Born in 1829, he belonged to a family already rooted in the Pee Dee. He did not invent the earlier settlement. His importance lies in the railroad-era transformation. By giving land to the railroad, he helped carry the family name from local kinship and landholding into public geography. The town of Poston on the Seaboard was named for him, and the sentence that he gave land so that Poston might be Poston has become the key phrase in the history of the place.

The modern family connection to that town is also layered. One branch carried the Poston surname forward through John Henry Poston. Another branch, closely tied to Andrew Poston's family, came through Louella Poston. Their marriage reunited the surname line and the founder-linked collateral branch in one household. Lawrence Chalmers Poston inherited that combined line and carried it into the twentieth century. Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr., Ruth West Poston, Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr., and later generations carried it into living memory and modern preservation.

This book follows the history in that order. It treats

Poston as both family name and place name, as both genealogy and geography. The result is not a claim of grandeur. It is a reconstruction of continuity: a family that moved south, settled in the Pee Dee, gave its name to a railroad-era community, and preserved enough of the documentary trail for the story to be told again.

CHAPTER 1
THE RIVER LOCALITY
BEFORE THE TOWN



Long before Poston appeared in railroad references or on modern maps, the locality belonged to the river world of the Great Pee Dee. The river was the decisive physical fact of the region. It governed movement, trade, agriculture, and neighborhood life. In a country of swamps, bottomlands, ferries, and low roads, a landing on the river could matter as much as a courthouse or a town square.

The earlier locality associated with Poston was known as Ellison. It functioned less as a town in the later municipal sense than as a working river place. Its usefulness came from access: access to the river, to nearby farms, to timber, to cotton, to ferry crossings, and to the routes that connected inland households with larger markets. That older identity survived in the landing names later remembered as Allison Landing, Ellison's Landing, and Poston Landing.

The Great Pee Dee made settlement possible while also making it difficult. Its floodplain offered rich land, but the same water that gave the land fertility also made travel uncertain. River commerce depended on stage, season,

channel, weather, and timing. Cotton, timber, provisions, and people moved through a landscape that was productive but never simple.

That landscape also belonged to a larger history of the Pee Dee. Indigenous peoples, colonial traders, militia movements, enslaved laborers, farmers, boatmen, merchants, and later railroad men all used the river corridor in different ways. The history of Poston cannot be separated from that layered regional world. The family name became prominent later, but the place itself had already been shaped by centuries of movement along the river.

Nearby Port's Ferry connected the broader area to Revolutionary War memory, including the wartime geography associated with Francis Marion. Yet the everyday importance of the locality was economic and practical. A landing meant access. Access meant exchange. Exchange meant that a remote settlement could still participate in the wider life of the Pee Dee.

By the nineteenth century, river landings and farm neighborhoods gave the locality its structure. The railroad would later change its public name and promise a different future, but it did not create a place out of nothing. It entered a landscape already organized by river traffic, family settlement, and landholding. That distinction is essential. Poston was a railroad-era name placed on an older Pee Dee locality.

CHAPTER 2 PENNSYLVANIA ORIGINS



The secure beginning of the South Carolina Poston line stands in Chester County, Pennsylvania. By 1722 John Poston appears in the tax list. Later land records place him in Fallowfield Township, on both sides of a branch of Octoraro Creek, in a region where land, household, and succession can be followed with more certainty than family legend alone can provide.

Family tradition long associated the name with Shropshire in England. That connection remains part of the inherited story, but the Pennsylvania record is where the history becomes firm. It identifies a man, a tract, a household, and a line of descent. For a family history, that is the difference between tradition and foundation.

John Poston's will, dated December 8, 1745 and proved in 1747, names his wife Martha and four children: Robert, John, Anthony, and Ann. The will is central because it establishes the household from which the later South Carolina story proceeds. It also preserves the names that would later matter in separating fact from misremembered tradition.

The land on Octoraro Creek gave the family a first

American center of gravity. Before any Poston became associated with the Pee Dee, before any branch moved into South Carolina, and long before the town of Poston existed, the family stood in the ordinary colonial world of land, tax, patent, will, and household. That world was not dramatic, but it was durable.

The later migration south did not erase the Pennsylvania beginning. It extended it. Families that moved down the eastern interior carried names, naming habits, property expectations, religious patterns, and marriage networks with them. The South Carolina Postons were not an isolated frontier creation. They were a transplanted family line with a recoverable colonial base.

CHAPTER 3
JOHN POSTON II, MARGARET
BALDRIDGE, AND THE
SOUTHWARD MOVE



John Poston of the second generation married Margaret Baldrige, linking the Postons to another mid-Atlantic family with its own traditions and documentary complications. The Baldrige and Holmes family history carried one of the older legends attached to the Poston record: the story of a fabulous British or Irish inheritance. That story mattered less as legal history than as an example of how family memory can preserve names and relationships while distorting events and expectations.

In 1766 John Poston and Margaret Baldrige sold the Pennsylvania homestead. That sale marks the decisive turn from the Pennsylvania phase to the southern one. The movement belonged to a larger colonial migration that carried families out of Pennsylvania into the Shenandoah Valley, the Carolina backcountry, and the older districts that would later become modern counties.

The Great Philadelphia Wagon Road supplied the broad corridor for that movement. It was not a single family road and not a romantic abstraction. It was the practical route by which many families moved from the mid-Atlantic into the southern interior. The Postons trav-

eled within that stream of migration, carrying a family identity that had already been formed in Pennsylvania.

The exact sequence of every stop cannot be reconstructed with equal confidence. North Carolina formed an intermediate stage in the inherited tradition and in the broader geography of movement, but the Pennsylvania Postons did not become the North Carolina Postons of the Maryland-associated line. That distinction later became important when researchers tried to separate similar names across multiple colonies and states.

Margaret Baldrige Poston was living when the Pennsylvania land was sold in September 1766. She had died by January 1767, when her father's will was drawn. The narrowness of that interval leaves a permanent silence in the family story. What remains clear is the larger turn. The family had moved out of its Pennsylvania base, and the future of the line now lay in the South.

CHAPTER 4
JOHN AND ANTHONY
IN SOUTH CAROLINA



One of the most important corrections in the family history is the correction of the old two-brother tradition. For many years, family memory described two brothers named John and Andrew as the origin of the South Carolina line. The better reconstruction identifies the brothers as John and Anthony, with Anthony preserved in family speech as Antney.

That correction is not a small genealogical adjustment. It prevents Andrew Poston of the nineteenth century from being pushed backward into the eighteenth-century migration story. It also restores the real structure of the South Carolina family branches. John and Anthony belong to the early South Carolina generation. Andrew belongs later, as a descendant in the Hugh Poston branch and as the name-sake figure for the railroad-era community.

John Poston of the South Carolina generation appears in the old Marion District and stands at the head of the senior surname line relevant to this manuscript. His branch carried forward through later generations, including John Jack Poston, Alfred Poston, and John Henry

Poston. Through that line the Poston surname continued directly into the modern family.

Anthony Poston, the brother remembered as Antney, founded the collateral branch that became essential to the history of Poston, South Carolina. From Anthony came Hugh Poston, and from Hugh came the branch that produced Andrew Poston. Once Anthony is restored to the family structure, the relationship between the family and the town becomes clearer and more accurate.

By the early nineteenth century, the Postons had become a Pee Dee family. Migration had turned into settlement. Settlement had turned into kinship density. The family no longer appears simply as a line moving south. It appears as part of a regional landscape of farms, marriages, churches, local neighborhoods, and river-country identity.

CHAPTER 5
HUGH POSTON AND THE
PEE DEE BRANCHES



Hugh Poston, born in 1791 and dead by 1846, stands at the center of the family's nineteenth-century expansion in the Pee Dee. If John and Anthony established the South Carolina structure, Hugh helped give it density in the generations that mattered most to the later town history.

Hugh's household produced the branches that connect the family history to the place history. From his line came Andrew Poston, born September 3, 1829, whose name became attached to the railroad junction. From the same family structure came Hugh Poston of 1835, whose daughter Louella later married John Henry Poston and rejoined the founder-linked branch to the direct surname line.

This branching point is the key to the modern family's relationship to Poston, South Carolina. The modern line is not best described as a direct descent from Andrew himself. It is better described as a convergence. One line preserved the surname. The other line preserved a close blood connection to Andrew's branch. Their reunion in the household of John Henry Poston and Louella Poston

became the genealogical hinge on which the modern story turns.

By Hugh's generation, the Poston name had become part of the local countryside. Families such as his shaped a region not mainly through formal municipal power, but through landholding, marriage, church life, agricultural production, and continuity. In the nineteenth-century Pee Dee, those forms of influence mattered deeply. They formed the social ground from which later public place names could emerge.

The older world was also a world of inequality, labor, and conflict. Pee Dee agriculture belonged to the broader southern system in which land, crop production, enslaved labor before the Civil War, and later rural labor arrangements all shaped family fortunes and local development. A history of the Poston family must therefore be a history of land and kinship, but it cannot pretend that land stood apart from the labor systems of the South.

That fuller context does not diminish the local story. It makes it more honest. The Poston family became rooted in a real region, not an empty legend. The region was fertile, difficult, hierarchical, river-bound, and eventually altered by war and railroads. Hugh Poston's descendants lived through that transformation.

CHAPTER 6
ANDREW POSTON AND THE
NAMING OF THE TOWN



Andrew Poston was born on September 3, 1829, into a family already established in the Pee Dee. His life crossed the central disruptions of the nineteenth-century South: the antebellum agricultural world, the Civil War, Reconstruction, and the railroad expansion that remade older rural localities in the early twentieth century.

He is best understood as a namesake and founder-linked figure for the modern railroad-era community, not as the creator of the original settlement. The older river locality had already existed through Ellison and the landing cluster connected to the Great Pee Dee. Andrew's importance came later, when the railroad placed a new layer of public identity over that older landscape.

The 1916 notice of his death supplied the decisive contemporary statement. It described Andrew Poston as a widely known citizen, farmer, and Confederate veteran, called him the father of Poston, the new railroad junction point on the Seaboard Air Line between Florence and Charleston, and stated that he gave land to the railroad in order that Poston might be Poston. That sentence remains the strongest single anchor for the naming history.

The railroad changed the locality's possibilities. The older river economy had depended on the Pee Dee, its landings, and the uncertain movement of goods by water. Rail service promised a firmer connection to markets, more predictable transportation, and a new public status. A place known through river usage could now appear as a junction, siding, depot, or stop in a transportation system that looked forward rather than backward.

Andrew's role reflected the kind of local authority that could matter in rural South Carolina. He was not an industrial magnate. He was a landholder with local standing whose land could help make a railroad point possible. The family name moved from kinship and neighborhood into public geography because land, timing, and railroad ambition met at the same place.

A later local-history clipping preserved a smaller, more personal memory of Andrew Poston: the left-handed mustache cup. The story described him as a leading citizen and Confederate soldier who lost the use of his right hand after being wounded in battle and who needed a specially made cup to drink coffee without giving up his beard. J. L. Barringer, a leading Pee Dee merchant, had such a cup made in France, decorated with Andrew Poston's Confederate service record, and presented by a delegation that traveled down the river. The anecdote is not the basis for the naming of the town, but it gives Andrew a human scale that the railroad notice alone cannot provide.

Andrew Poston died on October 19, 1916. The railroad boom did not become a lasting industrial transformation. The depot and the moment of promise faded. Yet the name stayed. That is the central fact of the place history. The railroad did not preserve Poston as a boomtown, but it fixed the family name in the geography of Florence County.

CHAPTER 7
JOHN HENRY POSTON,
LOUELLA POSTON, AND THE
REUNION OF THE LINES



The modern family's connection to Poston, South Carolina becomes clearest in the marriage of John Henry Poston and Louella Poston. John Henry was born on February 13, 1855. He belonged to the senior surname line descending from John Poston through John Jack Poston and Alfred Poston. Louella Poston was born on June 14, 1860. She belonged to the founder-linked branch descending through Hugh Poston of 1835, a younger brother of Andrew Poston.

Their marriage on October 3, 1882 reunited lines that had developed in parallel since the early South Carolina generations. Through John Henry, the later family carried the uninterrupted Poston surname line. Through Louella, it carried a close bloodline connection to Andrew Poston's branch. This is the strongest and most precise way to explain the modern family's relationship to the town.

That distinction matters because it avoids overstatement. A less careful account might collapse the branches and describe the modern line as descending directly from Andrew Poston. The better history is more interesting. It shows a family whose branches separated, developed, and

then rejoined, bringing the surname line and the founder-linked collateral line into the same household.

Among the children of John Henry and Louella was Lawrence Chalmers Poston, born in 1886. In him the reunited line moved forward into the twentieth century. He inherited not only a surname, but also a layered relationship to the place: the direct Poston surname from John Henry and the close Andrew-linked blood connection through Louella.

For a family history, this marriage is more than a genealogical entry. It is the point at which the structure of the modern family becomes intelligible. The town's name, the family's name, and the Andrew-linked branch can be described together without forcing the evidence into a false straight line.

CHAPTER 8
LAWRENCE CHALMERS
POSTON AND THE WIDER
SOUTH CAROLINA WORLD



Lawrence Chalmers Poston marks the point at which the family history begins to widen beyond the older rural base of the Pee Dee without surrendering it. Born in 1886 to John Henry Poston and Louella Poston, he inherited the reunited family structure created by their marriage.

Lawrence belonged to a generation that came of age after the Civil War and before the modern South had fully taken shape. His life carried the family into a world increasingly marked by railroads, towns, professional movement, newspapers, and broader regional connections. The older Pee Dee inheritance remained important, but the family was no longer confined to one rural neighborhood.

The Chalmers name became durable in this branch of the family. Names in long family histories do more than identify individuals. They carry memory across generations. In Lawrence Chalmers Poston and his descendants, the name became part of the family's modern identity, linking the old Poston line to the twentieth-century households that would preserve it.

Lawrence's significance is therefore transitional. The

family he inherited was rooted in the river country that had shaped Hugh and Andrew Poston. The family he passed on was more mobile, more modern, and increasingly connected to town life, education, and professions. The continuity was not broken. It adapted.

CHAPTER 9
HAROLD CHALMERS POSTON,
SR., RUTH WEST, AND MID-
CENTURY CONTINUITY



Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr., born in 1919, stands among the key bridge figures between the older genealogical world and living family memory. As the son of Lawrence Chalmers Poston and Cornelia Berta Prosser Poston, he carried the reunited Poston line through the middle decades of the twentieth century.

His marriage to Ruth West placed the family within another South Carolina kinship circle centered in Florence, McCall, and Lake City. Contemporary marriage coverage identified Ruth West as the bride who became Mrs. Harold Chalmers Poston after the ceremony of March 29, 1952 in The Citadel Chapel. The accompanying newspaper image and caption preserved her public identity at that moment of transition from Ruth West to Ruth West Poston.

The West connection added a mid-century family layer to a history otherwise rooted in older Pee Dee land and nineteenth-century railroad memory. Later obituary notices identify Ruth West Poston as a daughter of Jim West and Ellen Davis West and as a member of Lake City First Baptist Church. They also place the family within the

ordinary civic world of church membership, local identity, children, and public notice.

When Ruth West Poston died in 1976, the public notices identified her husband Harold C. Poston and their children Hal, Phil, and Susan. Such notices may seem small, but they matter in a family history. They bring the line out of abstraction. The older generations often appear through wills, land, and scattered census entries. The twentieth-century household appears through marriage coverage, portraits, obituaries, and the remembered life of a family still close enough to touch living memory.

Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr. died in 1977. In the sequence of this manuscript, he belongs to the generation that received the old family story and carried it into the modern household from which the next phase of preservation would come.

CHAPTER 10
JOHN FLEETWOOD
MOODY AND THE MOODY-
POSTON CONNECTION



The Moody line enters this manuscript through family connection rather than through the Poston surname, but it deserves fuller treatment because the surviving clippings and biographical files are unusually rich. Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody was a Lake City native, the son of Walter Scott Moody and Lela Covington Moody. He graduated from The Citadel in 1955 and built a military career that linked South Carolina family life to Army aviation, Korea, Vietnam, and postwar officer education.

Newspaper coverage from 1963 identified him as Army Captain John F. Moody, age thirty, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Moody of Lake City, and placed him in Korean service. A decade later, Macon newspapers described him as a lieutenant colonel appointed to lead military instruction at Mercer University. Those accounts identified him as a fixed-wing and helicopter pilot, stated that he had been flying since 1959, and described service that included two Vietnam assignments and thirteen months in Korea.

The same coverage presented a man whose career joined discipline and instruction. He served as chairman of

Mercer's Department of Military Science, worked with ROTC cadets, and brought field experience into an academic setting. The articles also noted degrees from The Citadel and the University of South Carolina and described a first-degree black belt in Moo Duk Kwan Korean karate earned while serving in Seoul.

By 1976, Moody was retiring after twenty-one years in the Army. The newspaper account of his remarks to Mercer cadets captured the public voice of a career officer who valued discipline over rank and responsibility over display. He intended to return to South Carolina with his wife and work as a consultant for Florence-Darlington Technical School.

The Moody line matters here because it enters the modern family through Maxine Moody Poston and her descendants. Through that connection, the family history broadens beyond one surname and one locality. It carries the Pee Dee into the postwar military, educational, and professional South while remaining tied to Lake City and the same regional world that shaped the Poston line.

CHAPTER 11
HAROLD CHALMERS POSTON, JR.
AND MODERN PRESERVATION



Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr. belongs to the generation that translated inherited family continuity into modern stewardship. The older family line had already moved through Pennsylvania, the Pee Dee, the railroad era, Lake City, and the Midlands. In the modern period, preservation became a conscious act rather than an accidental survival.

The Poston Preserve in Manning, Clarendon County is not the same place as historic Poston, South Carolina in Florence County. That distinction should be kept clear. The preserve is a modern family heritage and conservation property connected to the family story through stewardship, memory, land, and conservation. It does not replace the historic community of Poston and should not be treated as though the two places are identical.

Its importance lies elsewhere. The preserve represents a modern continuation of the older relationship between family and land. Earlier generations held, worked, conveyed, and named land in the Pee Dee. Later generations preserved land, created public-facing history projects, and used conservation as a way to keep memory attached

to place. That is not the same form of stewardship, but it belongs to the same long pattern.

The modern family role also reflects a shift in what preservation now requires. In earlier generations, family continuity could survive through Bible records, cemetery markers, land deeds, and oral memory. Today it also requires digitized records, searchable PDFs, careful genealogy, online publication, archive packets, and public history websites. Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr. stands in the manuscript as a bridge between inherited family memory and that modern preservation work.

CHAPTER 12
ERIC CHALMERS POSTON AND
THE STEWARDSHIP OF RECORD



Family history survives because someone chooses to carry it forward. In the present generation, that work has taken the form of preserving older genealogies, correcting inherited errors, assembling documentary packets, creating searchable source collections, and rewriting the family and town history in a cleaner public form.

The updated Poston genealogy, the documentary scrapbook, the Andrew Poston source package, and the integrated manuscript are part of that preservation. They do not create the past, but they determine whether the past remains accessible. A family can lose its history not because the events never occurred, but because the records remain scattered, illegible, mislabeled, or trapped in private possession.

The correction from John-and-Andrew to John-and-Anthony is one example of why this work matters. So is the distinction between the old Ellison river locality and the later railroad-era Poston name. So is the careful explanation of the modern family's connection to Andrew Poston's

branch through Louella Poston rather than by an unsupported direct descent from Andrew himself.

Modern preservation also requires discipline. Not every attractive phrase belongs in the manuscript. Not every online summary is evidence. Not every family tradition should be discarded, but none should be allowed to overrule chronology. The best historical writing allows the story to be strong because it is accurate, not because it has been inflated.

In that sense, the present manuscript is itself part of the family history. Earlier generations left wills, land records, cemetery markers, photographs, newspaper notices, and local stories. The present generation has added edited genealogies, source registers, digital scrapbooks, and public histories. The form has changed, but the obligation is the same: to carry the past forward without distorting it.

AFTERWORD

The history of Poston, South Carolina is not the history of a single founding event. The history of the Poston family is not the history of a single straight line. Both are layered. The place grew from an older river locality associated with Ellison and the landing cluster on the Great Pee Dee. The family emerged from a Pennsylvania foundation, moved south through the interior, settled in the Pee Dee, branched, rejoined, and carried its name into public geography through Andrew Poston.

Hugh Poston's household gave the family regional density. Andrew Poston carried the family name into the railroad-era map. John Henry Poston and Louella Poston reunited the direct surname line with the founder-linked branch. Lawrence Chalmers Poston widened the family's regional field. Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr. and Ruth West Poston carried the line into mid-century family memory. John Fleetwood Moody connected the related family story to military and educational service. Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr. and later generations turned continuity into preservation.

The depot is gone. The brief boom of the junction is

gone. Much of the older world of landings, river traffic, and rural kinship survives only in names, fragments, and landscape memory. Yet the name remains. It remains in geography, descent, documentary record, and deliberate preservation.

That is enough to make the Poston story not merely recoverable, but enduring.

APPENDIX A: PRINCIPAL
LINES OF DESCENT

A. PATRILINEAL POSTON SURNAME LINE

John Poston (1), immigrant-line ancestor in Chester County, Pennsylvania

 John Poston (2), son of John and Martha Poston; husband of Margaret Baldrige

 John Poston (3), early South Carolina generation

 John "Jack" Poston (4)

 Alfred Poston (5)

 John Henry Poston (6), born February 13, 1855; married Louella Poston October 3, 1882

 Lawrence Chalmers Poston (7), born 1886

 Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr. (8), born 1919; married Ruth West

 Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr. (9)

B. FOUNDER-LINKED LINE CONNECTING THE MODERN FAMILY TO ANDREW POSTON

John Poston (1)

John Poston (2)

Anthony Poston (3), remembered in family tradition as Antney

Hugh Poston (4), born 1791; father of Andrew Poston

Hugh Poston (5), born March 17, 1835; younger brother of Andrew Poston

Louella Poston, born June 14, 1860; daughter of Hugh Poston of 1835

Lawrence Chalmers Poston, son of John Henry Poston and Louella Poston

Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr.

Harold Chalmers Poston, Jr.

Andrew Poston, born September 3, 1829 and dead October 19, 1916, was the brother of Hugh Poston of 1835, Louella Poston's father. Through Louella, the modern family stands within the same close bloodline that produced the namesake figure for Poston, South Carolina.

APPENDIX B: DOCUMENTARY PLATES

The following plates are selected from the attached source package and scrapbook. They are included as representative documentary anchors only. The full regenerated scrapbook and ZIP source package remain the complete source repositories.

MR ANDREW POSTON DECEASED.

Town of Poston on Seaboard Named for Him.

Florence, October 20:—News was received in the city today of the death at Poston, S. C. this county, of Mr Andrew Poston, an aged and widely known citizen, farmer and Confederate veteran.

Mr Poston was 83 years old and was a man of most remarkable activity. He had a remarkable memory and was never more pleased than when telling his friends of historical incidents. Mr Poston was a well-to-do citizen, and was the father of Poston, the new railroad junction point on the Seaboard Air Line between Florence and Charleston. It was he who gave the land to the railroad in order that Poston might be Poston.

Mr Poston leaves a wife and several children a wide family connection, among whom are many of Florence and Williamsburg counties' best people.

The funeral services were held at Trinity Methodist church, near Kingsberg, today and was attended by a great outpouring of sorrowing relatives and friends. The grave was covered with many beautiful flowers.

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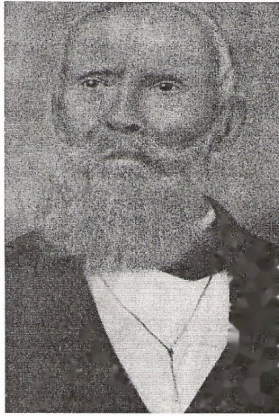
Fall Goods d

in popular p

best values.

Plate 1. Andrew Poston obituary clipping from The County Record, October 1916.

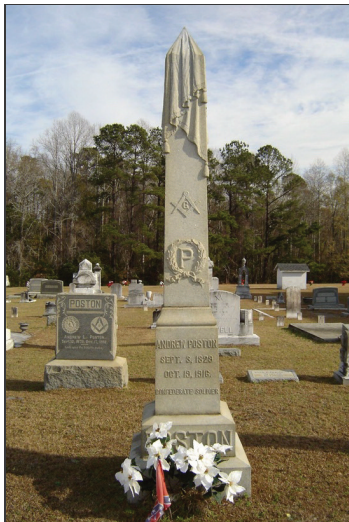
Lynches Lake Historical Society



**Andrew Poston
(1829 - 1916)**

**Left-Handed Cup Secured
For Resident of Pee Dee**

Plate 2. Portrait/source image identified as Andrew Poston of Poston, South Carolina.



APPENDIX C: NOTES ON SOURCE INTEGRATION

1. BASE MANUSCRIPT

The main base text is Poston Family History and the History of Poston, South Carolina - Integrated Documentary Manuscript. Its structure has been retained, but the narrative has been revised to read more like a finished book and less like a source summary.

2. GENEALOGICAL FRAMEWORK

The revised 2025 A Poston Family of South Carolina and the earlier second-edition genealogy supply the immigrant-line structure, the Chester County beginning, the Baldrige connection, the John-and-Anthony correction, the Hugh Poston branches, and the John Henry Poston-Louella Poston junction.

3. ANDREW POSTON CLUSTER

The Andrew Poston chapter integrates the 1916 County Record obituary, obituary images, death certificate image,

portrait/source image, memorial monument, and the left-handed mustache-cup clipping. The manuscript uses the 1916 obituary as the controlling naming evidence.

4. PLACE-NAME CLUSTER

The place-history chapters integrate Ellison, Allison Landing, Ellison's Landing, and Poston Landing as overlapping names attached to the older river locality. The manuscript avoids treating Poston as a town suddenly created from nothing.

5. RAILROAD-ERA INTERPRETATION

The final narrative identifies Andrew Poston as the namesake and founder-linked figure for the railroad-era community. It avoids unsupported claims that he founded the earlier river locality.

6. TWENTIETH-CENTURY FAMILY NOTICES

The Harold Chalmers Poston, Sr. and Ruth West chapter integrates the 1952 marriage notice and photograph/caption, later obituary references, and the public identification of their children.

7. MOODY FAMILY MATERIALS

The John Fleetwood Moody chapter integrates the biographical report, memorial materials, Florence and Macon newspaper clippings, Mercer University ROTC coverage, military service summaries, and the modern family connection through Maxine Moody Poston.

8. REGENERATED SCRAPBOOK

The April 30, 2026 scrapbook functions as the consolidated archive. It contains 63 indexed items and hundreds of pages of images and OCR text. This manuscript does not reproduce that packet in full, but it is structured around the record groups preserved there.

9. ANDREW/POSTON ZIP PACKAGE

The Poston_SC_and_Andrew_Poston_Specific_Source_Files_COMPLETE.zip package was treated as the focused source subset for Andrew Poston and Poston, South Carolina. Its inventory is incorporated into the source register below.

10. EXCLUDED OR LIMITED MATERIAL

Promotional, speculative, duplicate, or purely derivative material has been used only when it helped identify a record cluster or preserve a search term. The final narrative does not rely on unsupported local lore as fact.

APPENDIX D: COMPREHENSIVE SOURCE REGISTER

This register combines the regenerated scrapbook index with the focused Andrew Poston/Poston, South Carolina source package and the manuscript sources used for this final edition. The descriptions have been expanded to make the embedded source files more discoverable in Google Books, Internet Archive, local search, and internal archive search.

001. Genealogy Archive Processing.txt - Project processing note and clipping-based biography draft for the Poston Genealogical Archive; useful for archive workflow, source grouping, and manuscript-development history.

002. Poston_Genealogy_Archive_Project_Instructions_v2(1).docx - Archive intake and evidence-handling instructions for processing Poston family records, OCR files, clippings, and source packets.

003. 1916-10-20_TheCountyRecord_AndrewPoston_obituary_clipping.pdf - Andrew Poston obituary clipping; key source for Andrew Poston, Poston, South Carolina, the Seaboard Air Line railroad junction, and the phrase that Poston might be Poston.

004. 1916-10-20_TheCountyRecord_AndrewPos-

ton_obituary_full-page.pdf - Full County Record newspaper page containing the Andrew Poston obituary; preserves surrounding newspaper context for the October 1916 notice.

005. Andrew Poston Memorial Monument - Trinity Cemetary.jpg - Monument photograph for Andrew Poston at Trinity Cemetery; visual cemetery source for death, memorialization, and local family-place connection.

006. Andrew Poston of Poston, South Carolina.jpg - Portrait/source image identified with Andrew Poston of Poston, South Carolina; used as a visual anchor for the namesake figure.

007. Certificate of Death - Andrew Poston.jpg - South Carolina death certificate image for Andrew Poston; vital-record source for death, identity, and family-history verification.

008. Newspapers.com - The County Record - 26 Oct 1916 - 6 Obituary for Andrew Poston.jpg - Newspaper clipping image preserving the Andrew Poston obituary as downloaded from Newspapers.com.

009. Obituary_for_Andrew_Poston.jpg - Additional image copy of the Andrew Poston obituary; useful as a duplicate/variant for OCR and visual comparison.

010. John Fleetwood Moody genealogical and biographical report.docx - Genealogical and biographical report on Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody, Lake City, South Carolina, Army aviation, Korea, Vietnam, and Mercer University ROTC.

011. John_Fleetwood_Moody_Biography_with_Sources.docx - Clipping-based biography of John Fleetwood Moody with source notes from Florence and Macon newspapers.

012. NoteBookLM - Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody Veteran.docx - Moody memorial narrative and source synthesis; derivative

narrative used cautiously against contemporaneous clippings.

013. [The_Macon_News_1973_09_02_43.pdf](#) - Macon newspaper source page involving John Fleetwood Moody and martial-arts/discipline context.

014. [The_Macon_News_1974_09_19_64\(2\).pdf](#) - Macon News coverage of John Fleetwood Moody and his Mercer University military-science appointment.

015. [The_Macon_News_1976_06_03_12\(2\).pdf](#) - Macon News coverage of John Fleetwood Moody retirement remarks and post-Army plans.

016. [The_Macon_Telegraph_1974_09_19_3 \(1\)\(2\).pdf](#) - Macon Telegraph coverage of John Fleetwood Moody and Mercer ROTC leadership.

017. [The_Macon_Telegraph_1974_09_19_3 \(1\).jpg](#) - Image version of Macon Telegraph coverage of Moody and Mercer University.

018. ALL - [The Florence Morning News PDFs.pdf](#) - Combined Florence Morning News source set; includes Florence County, Lake City, Ruth West Poston, Harold Chalmers Poston, and related family notices.

019. ALL [The County Record PDFs.pdf](#) - Combined County Record source set; includes Andrew Poston, Poston locality references, Williamsburg County context, and regional newspaper evidence.

020. [LynchesLakeCityHistoricalSociety-Winter2024.jpg](#) - Local-history clipping preserving the Andrew Poston left-handed mustache-cup account and Pee Dee memory tradition.

021. [The_Columbia_Record_1937_07_10_13.pdf](#) - Columbia Record newspaper page; related family/social source in the broader archive.

022. [Poston_OCR_Searchable_Files\(1\).zip](#) manifest - Manifest for OCR-searchable source package; preserves filenames and indexing structure for OCR derivatives.

023. IMG_1152.jpeg - Unsorted archive source image; retained for review, identification, and possible connection to Poston family source materials.

024. IMG_1154.jpeg - Unsorted archive source image; retained for review, identification, and possible connection to Poston family source materials.

025. 0B84D7E2-37AD-406B-96B7-8410708AD976_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package; use for machine search, then verify against the image.

026. 101C20D1-E71E-4BE2-A07A-43C41753FE49_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package; use for keyword discovery and record linkage.

027. 1497415A-4253-4313-AA8F-F96137678D-CE_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file containing Andrew Poston cup material and related local-history OCR.

028. 27FBB833-7E63-4F8B-A9B5-D1767E9BA52B_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

029. 37CAA74A-4033-4BC1-85AC-B5FBB-D4D885B_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

030. 51B44FB4-A76F-4E36-9F42-2B67A81C748C_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

031. 54A7126F-1511-46FD-809A-98D8A165A75A_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

032. 58580B4C-D50C-4B9D-B4B4508C7EA6_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

033. 6FB2D299-7CC4-4EDC-96C4-E9A07B-D32B79_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the

archive package.

034. 73968115-A61F-491C-A565-7CB437B9EE48_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

035. 870D0664-E4DE-4170-918D-578F604A21-DA_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

036. 99A77B51-52E1-426F-9802-21E9A1C09D55_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

037. AAFFCCC9-3C31-42E8-B301-88EA8ED37C78_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

038. E2CF48AE-82EA-4C38-939A-B76257760A63_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

039. E5339459-3A31-4971-BD31-832E-F8E807FD_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file from the archive package.

040. FCFB25D3-F16D-4450-AEC9-583F5AF95E5D_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable source file with Andrew/Poston lineage image OCR.

041. Florence_Morning_News_1937_11_25_6_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for related family and regional newspaper indexing.

042. Florence_Morning_News_1944_03_19_10_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for related family and regional newspaper indexing.

043. Florence_Morning_News_1945_02_24_4_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for related family and regional newspaper indexing.

044. Florence_Morn-

ing_News_1947_12_02_7_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for related family and regional newspaper indexing.

045. Florence_Morning_News_1952_03_14_7_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for Ruth West and Harold Chalmers Poston marriage-period context.

046. Florence_Morning_News_1952_03_18_2_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for Ruth West and Harold Chalmers Poston marriage-period context.

047. Florence_Morning_News_1952_04_20_7_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for post-marriage or social coverage connected to the West/Poston family.

048. Florence_Morning_News_1973_11_25_21_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for later family notice context.

049. Florence_Morning_News_1976_11_28_25_OCR.pdf - Florence Morning News OCR source for Ruth West Poston obituary-period context.

050. Fort_Mill_Times_26_Feb_1920_4_OCR.pdf - Fort Mill Times OCR source in the broader South Carolina newspaper archive.

051. LynchessLakeCityHistoricalSociety-Winter2024_OCR.pdf - OCR-searchable copy of the Lynchess Lake Historical Society clipping on Andrew Poston and the left-handed mustache cup.

052. News and Courier, April 26, 1976, page 11 OCR - Charleston News and Courier OCR source for related family notice context.

053. News and Courier, April 6, 1952, page 41 OCR - Charleston marriage/social notice source involving Ruth West and Harold Chalmers Poston.

054. The State, April 6, 1952, page 39 OCR - Ruth West / Harold Chalmers Poston marriage-related source from The State newspaper.

055. PICTURE-OF-RUTH-WEST_OCR.pdf - Image and caption identifying Mrs. Harold Chalmers Poston; visual and OCR source for Ruth West Poston.

056. Spartanburg Weekly Herald and Herald-Journal, November 30, 1937 OCR - Newspaper OCR source retained for broader family and regional review.

057. The_Columbia_Record_1942_06_29_10_OCR.pdf - Columbia Record OCR source in the broader family archive.

058. The_Columbia_Record_1947_11_24_10_OCR.pdf - Columbia Record OCR source in the broader family archive.

059. The_Newberry_Observer_14_Jul_1989_11_OCR.pdf - Newberry Observer OCR source in the broader family archive.

060. The_State_1944_03_19_17_OCR.pdf - The State OCR source in the broader family archive.

061. The_State_1952_04_06_39_OCR.pdf - The State OCR source connected to Ruth West and Harold Chalmers Poston marriage coverage.

062. The_State_1952_04_07_11_OCR.pdf - The State OCR source connected to Ruth West and Harold Chalmers Poston marriage-period coverage.

063. Untitled Extract Pages_OCR.pdf - OCR extract pages including the 1916 Andrew Poston obituary language.

064. A Poston Family of South Carolina: Its Immigrant Ancestor and Some of His Descendants (2025) - Canonical revised genealogy for this project.

065. A Poston Family Of South Carolina (Second Edition) - Earlier formatted genealogy used for comparison and source continuity.

066. Rooted In The Pee Dee.pdf - Earlier local-history manuscript draft on Poston, South Carolina and the Pee Dee context.

067. The Lost Railroad Town of Poston, South Carolina.pdf - Public article-style draft about the railroad-era locality and the lost depot/junction narrative.

068. The Hidden Threads of the Pee Dee.pdf - Public article-style draft preserving interpretive themes and project language.

069. Historical Newspapers of South Carolina Combined.pdf - Combined newspaper source material used for Andrew Poston and Poston locality review.

070. Poston_SC_and_Andrew_Poston_Specific_Sources_Files_COMPLETE.zip - Focused source package containing Andrew Poston and Poston, South Carolina source materials and inventory.

FINAL EDITORIAL NOTE

This manuscript is designed to stand as the clean narrative version of the project. The documentary appendices and source register make the archive visible without turning the body of the book into a research memorandum.

APPENDIX E: EMBEDDED DOCUMENTARY SCRAPBOOK SOURCE PLATES

The following pages embed the scrapbook source plates, records, clippings, and document images merged from the Poston Genealogical Archive scrapbook Word edition. These visible source plates improve the searchability of the documentary base behind this manuscript by pairing source images with readable captions, file names, record types, and archive context. For citation, use the original source shown on each item rather than treating this compiled manuscript as the original record.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook of Records, Clippings, and Documents

Word Document Edition

Prepared by Eric Chalmers Poston | April 2026

Master Source Index - Searchable Text

1 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
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4 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
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17 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
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18 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
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19 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
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20 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
Florence Morning News 1947 12 02 7 | Florence_Morn-
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ing_News_1952_03_18_2.pdf
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Florence Morning News 1952 04 20 7 | Florence_Morn-
ing_News_1952_04_20_7.jpeg
24 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
Florence Morning News 1952 04 20 7 | Florence_Morn-
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25 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |
Florence Morning News 1973 11 25 21 | Florence_Morn-
ing_News_1973_11_25_21.pdf
26 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |

Florence Morning News 1976 11 28 25 | Florence_Morning_News_1976_11_28_25.pdf

27 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | Fort Mill Times 26 Feb 1920 4 | Fort_Mill_Times_26_Feb_1920_4.pdf

28 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | LyncheseLakeCityHistoricalSociety-Winter2024 | LyncheseLakeCityHistoricalSociety-Winter2024.pdf

29 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | News Article Charleston News and Courier published as The News and Courier April 26 1976 p11 | News_Article_Charleston_News_and_Courier_published_as_The_News_and_Courier__April_26_1976__p11.pdf

30 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | News Article Charleston News and Courier published as The News and Courier April 6 1952 p41 (1) | News_Article_Charleston_News_and_Courier_published_as_The_News_and_Courier__April_6_1952__p41(1).pdf

31 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | News Article State published as The State April 6 1952 p39 | News_Article_State_published_as_The_State__April_6_1952__p39.pdf

32 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | PICTURE-OF-RUTH-WEST | PICTURE-OF-RUTH-WEST.jpeg

33 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | Spartanburg Weekly Herald and Herald-Journal 30 Nov 1937 2 | Spartanburg_Weekly_Herald_and_Herald-Journal_30_Nov_1937_2.pdf

34 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | The Columbia Record 1942 06 29 10 | The_Columbia_Record_1942_06_29_10.pdf

35 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf |

The Columbia Record 1947 11 24 10 | The_Columbia_Record_1947_11_24_10.pdf

36 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | The Newberry Observer 14 Jul 1989 11 | The_Newberry_Observer_14_Jul_1989_11.pdf

37 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | The State 1944 03 19 17 | The_State_1944_03_19_17.pdf

38 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | The State 1952 04 06 39 | The_State_1952_04_06_39.jpeg

39 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | The State 1952 04 06 39 | The_State_1952_04_06_39.pdf

40 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | The State 1952 04 07 11 | The_State_1952_04_07_11.pdf

41 | OCR/Searchable Source Package | ocr_pdf | Untitled Extract Pages | Untitled Extract Pages.pdf

42 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | 1916-10-20 TheCountyRecord AndrewPoston obituary clipping | 1916-10-20_TheCountyRecord_AndrewPoston_obituary_clipping.pdf

43 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | 1916-10-20 TheCountyRecord AndrewPoston obituary full-page | 1916-10-20_TheCountyRecord_AndrewPoston_obituary_full-page.pdf

44 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | The Columbia Record 1937 07 10 13 | The_Columbia_Record_1937_07_10_13.pdf

45 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | The Macon News 1973 09 02 43 | The_Macon_News_1973_09_02_43.pdf

46 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | The Macon News 1974 09 19 64(2) | The_Macon_News_1974_09_19_64(2).pdf

47 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | The Macon

News 1976 06 03 12(2) | The_Macon_News_1976_06_03_12(2).pdf

48 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | The Macon Telegraph 1974 09 19 3 (1)(2) | The_Macon_Telegraph_1974_09_19_3 (1)(2).pdf

49 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | ALL - The Florence Morning News PDFs | ALL - The Florence Morning News PDFs.pdf

50 | Standalone Uploaded PDFs | pdf | ALL The County Record PDFs | ALL The County Record PDFs.pdf

51 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | Andrew Poston Memorial Monument - Trinity Cemetary | Andrew Poston Memorial Monument - Trinity Cemetary.jpg

52 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | Andrew Poston of Poston, South Carolina | Andrew Poston of Poston, South Carolina.jpg

53 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | Certificate of Death - Andrew Poston | Certificate of Death - Andrew Poston.jpg

54 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | LynchLakeCityHistoricalSociety-Winter2024 | LynchLakeCityHistoricalSociety-Winter2024.jpg

55 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | Newspapers.com - The County Record - 26 Oct 1916 - 6 Obituary for Andrew Poston | Newspapers.com - The County Record - 26 Oct 1916 - 6 Obituary for Andrew Poston.jpg

56 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | Obituary for Andrew Poston | Obituary_for_Andrew_Poston.jpg

57 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | IMG 1152 | IMG_1152.jpeg

58 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | IMG
1153 | IMG_1153.jpeg

59 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | IMG
1154 | IMG_1154.jpeg

60 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | IMG
1158 | IMG_1158.jpeg

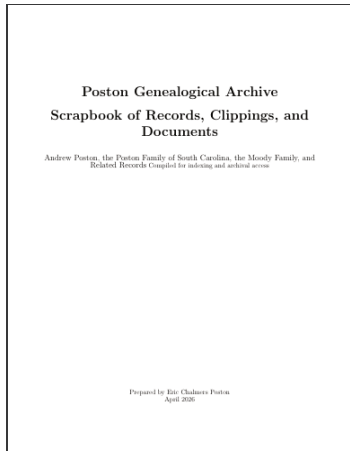
61 | Standalone Images and Clippings | image | The
Macon Telegraph 1974 09 19 3 (1) | The_Ma-
con_Telegraph_1974_09_19_3 (1).jpg

62 | Finding Aids and Narrative Documents | docx_
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ical report | John Fleetwood Moody genealogical and
biographical report.docx

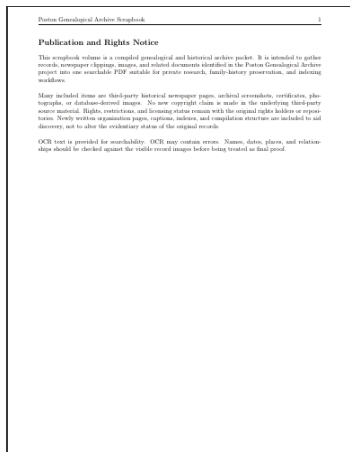
63 | Finding Aids and Narrative Documents | docx_
text | John Fleetwood Moody Biography with Sources |
John_Fleetwood_Moody_Biography_with_Sources.docx

64 | Finding Aids and Narrative Documents | docx_
text | NoteBookLM - Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant
Colonel John Fleetwood Moody Veteran | NoteBookLM -
Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Fleet-
wood Moody Veteran.docx

Visual Scrapbook Pages



Documentary source plate 001. Embedded scrapbook page 001 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



Documentary source plate 002. Embedded scrapbook page 002 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

How to Use This Volume

This PDF is designed as a hybrid scrapbook and source packet. Each item begins with an index page giving the source filename, item type, notes, and where available an OCR/search-text preview. The record image or PDF follows the index page. Use the table of contents and source index to locate individual clippings and records.

For Google Books or similar indexing uses, the most important searchable text appears in three places: (1) OCR boxes on the included searchable PDFs, (2) the item-level index pages, and (3) the extracted text appendix/finding-aid materials at the end.

*Documentary source plate 003. Embedded scrapbook page 003
from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.*

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Item 002: 101C20D1-E71E-40E2-A07A-63C41751F649	9
Item 003: 1497415A-4253-4313-AA8F-F96137678DCE	11
Item 004: 27FB8043-7663-4F8B-A8B5-D1707E8DA52B	13
Item 005: 37CAAT4A-8033-40C1-45AC-B3FB8B4D868B	15
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Item 007: 54A720F4-1511-44FD-809A-98DA165A7A7A	18
Item 008: 68308B4C-E96C-401C-BB9D-8484698C7E66	20
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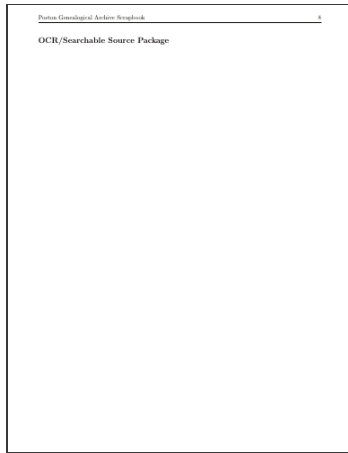
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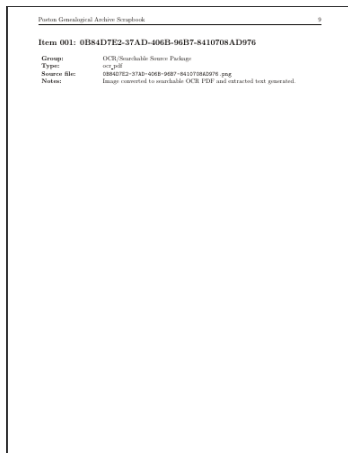
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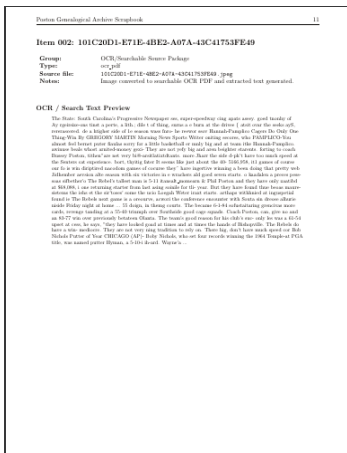
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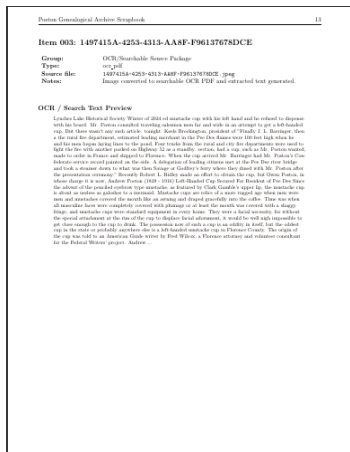
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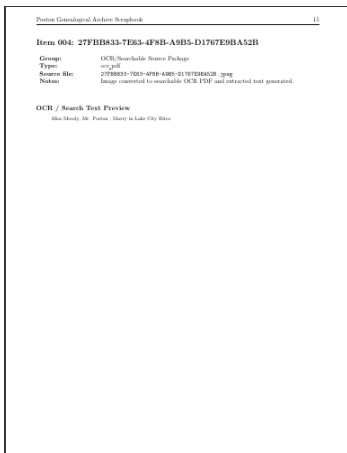
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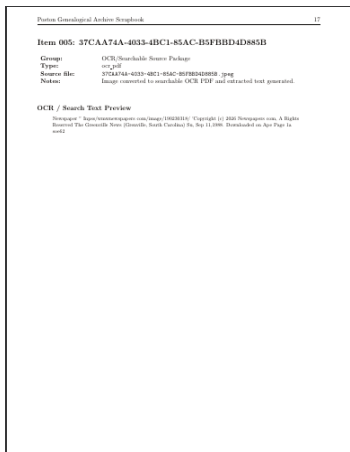
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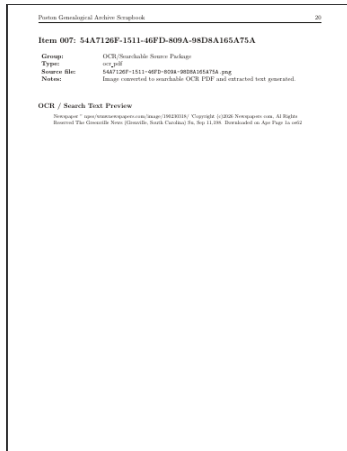
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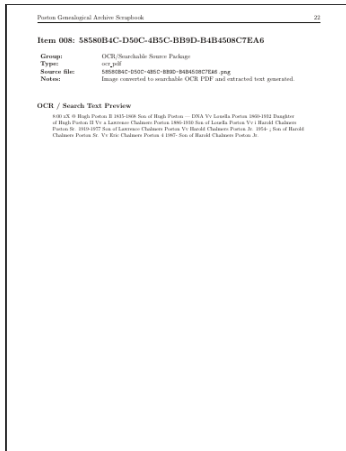
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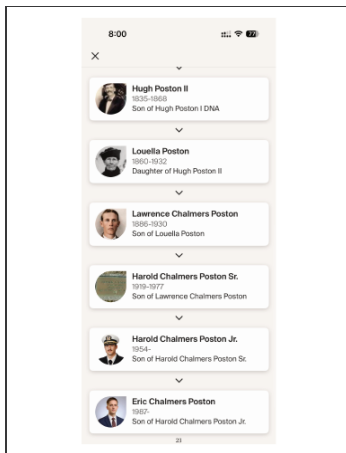
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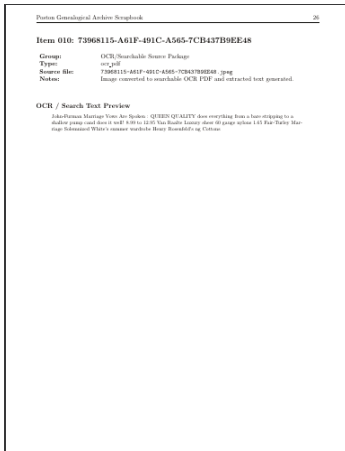
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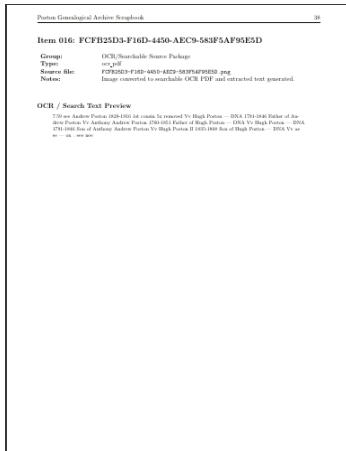
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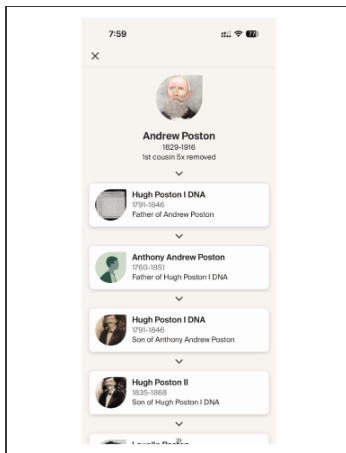
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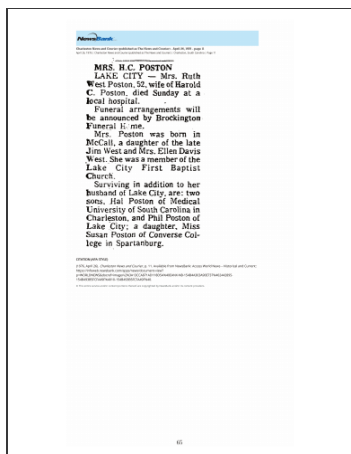
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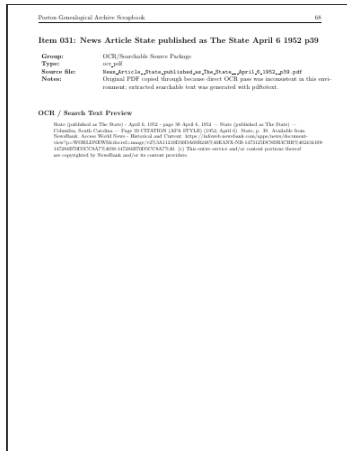
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Searchable Charleston News and Courier (published as The News and Courier) - April 26, 1976 - page 11 April 26, 1976 - Charleston News and Courier (published as The News and Courier) - Charleston, South Carolina - Page 11 1976. H.C. POSTON, LAKE CITY. (The News and Courier, 32, col. 4; Herald-Courier, 32, col. 4) A newspaper clipping from the Poston Genealogical Archive. The article is a news item from the Charleston News and Courier, dated April 26, 1976, page 11. The article reports the death of Mrs. Ruth West Poston, 52, wife of Harold C. Poston, who died Sunday at a local hospital. The article also mentions that Mrs. Poston was born in McCall, a daughter of the late Jim West and Mrs. Ellen Davis West. She was a member of the Lake City First Baptist Church. The article further states that Mrs. Poston was survived in addition to her husband by two sons, Hal Poston of Medical University of South Carolina in Charleston, and Phil Poston of Lake City; a daughter, Miss Susan Poston of Converse College in Spartanburg.

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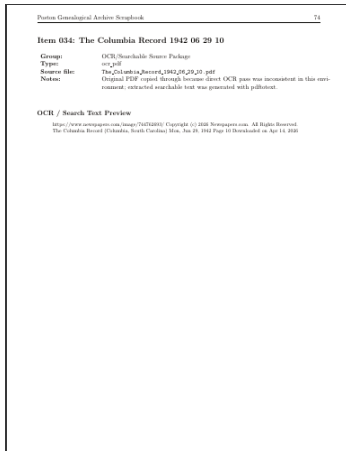
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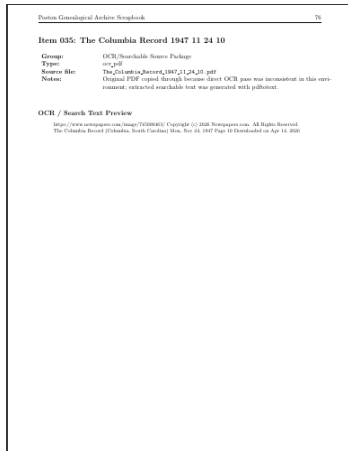
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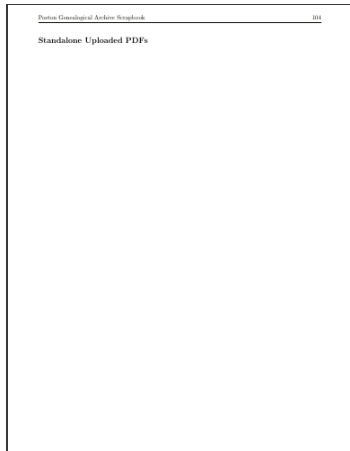
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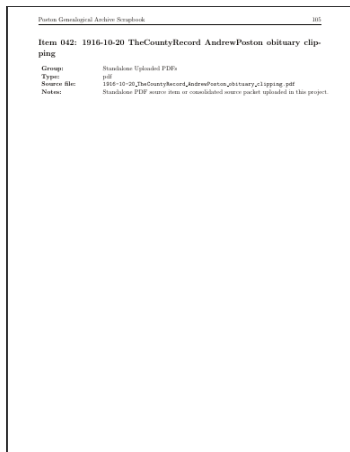
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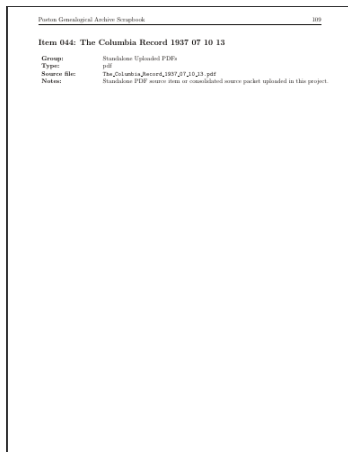
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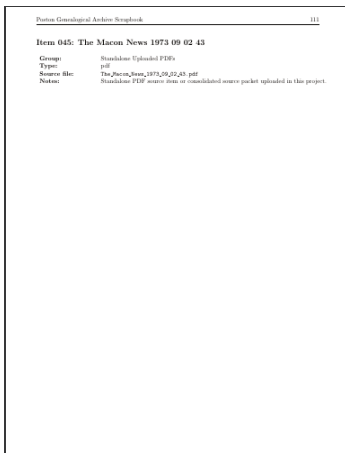
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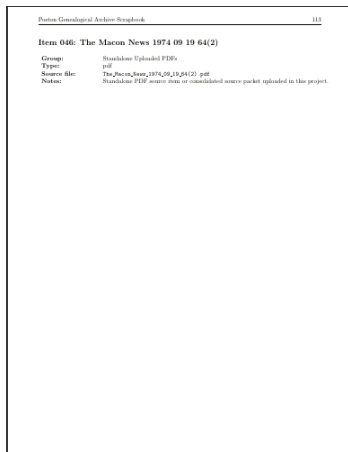
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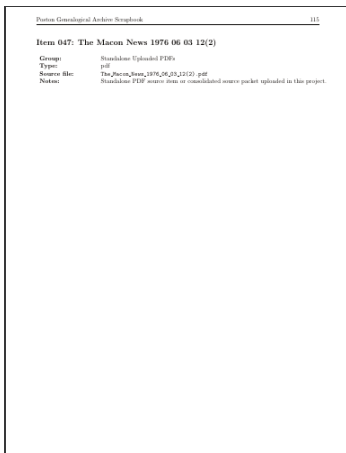
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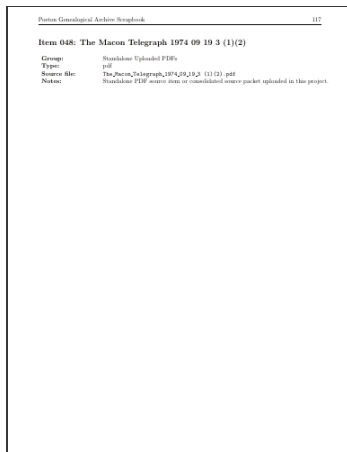
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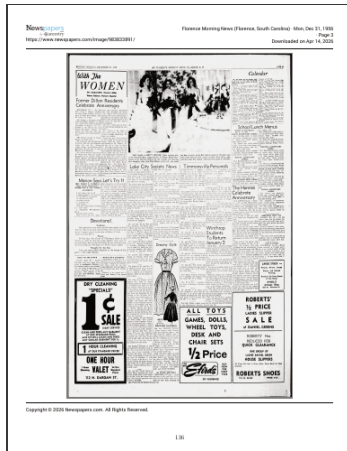
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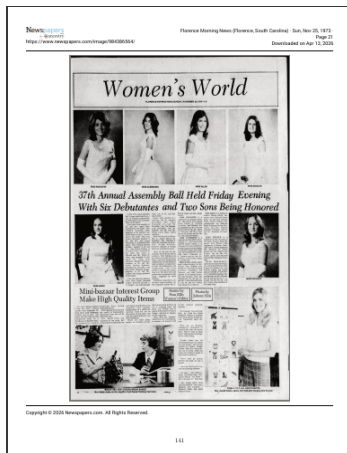
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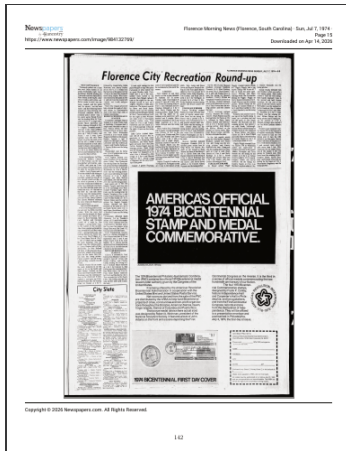
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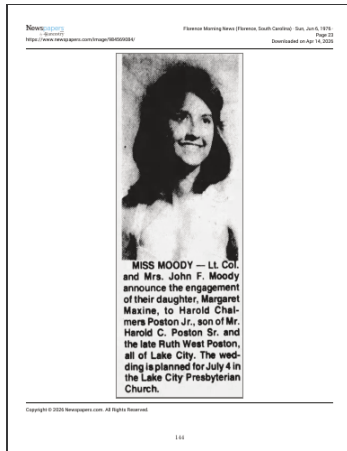
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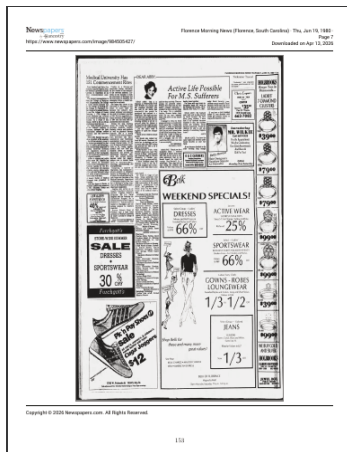
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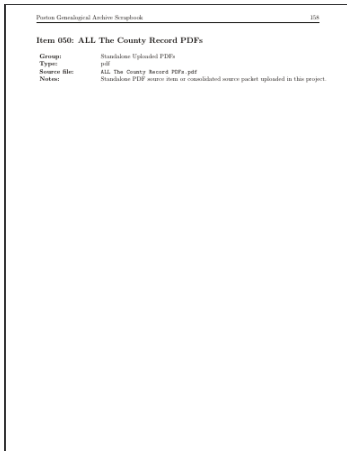
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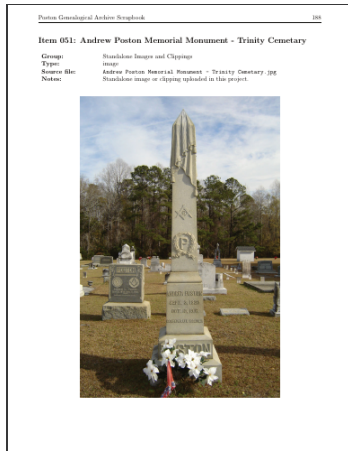
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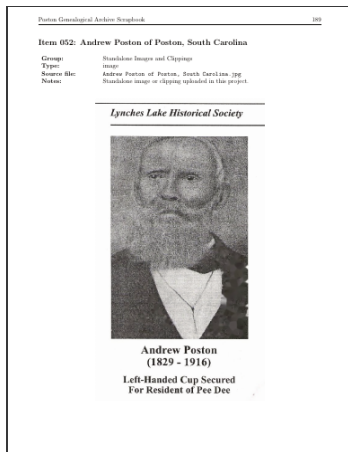
Documentary source plate 187. Embedded scrapbook page 187 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



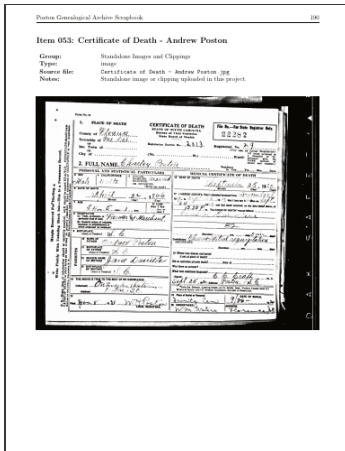
Documentary source plate 188. Embedded scrapbook page 188 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



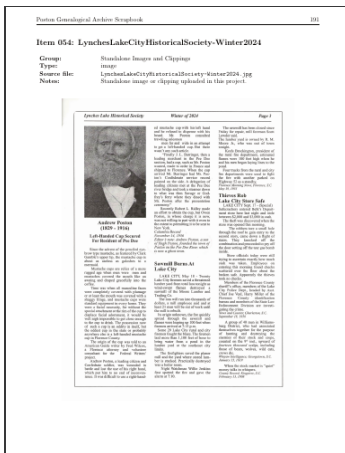
Documentary source plate 189. Embedded scrapbook page 189 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



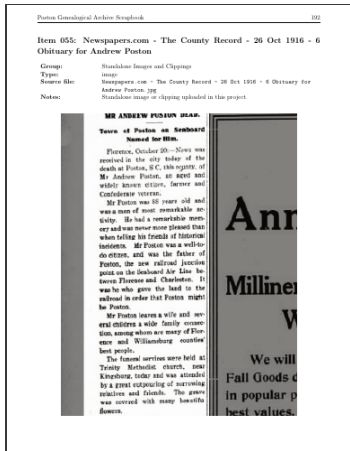
Documentary source plate 190. Embedded scrapbook page 190 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



Documentary source plate 191. Embedded scrapbook page 191 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



Documentary source plate 192. Embedded scrapbook page 192 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



Documentary source plate 193. Embedded scrapbook page 193 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.



Documentary source plate 194. Embedded scrapbook page 194 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Item 057: IMG 1152

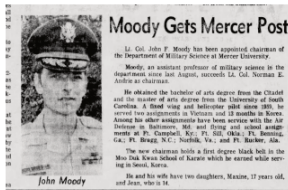
Group: Shareable Images and Clippings
 Type: image
 Source file: IMG_1152.jpg
 Notes: Shareable image or clipping uploaded in this project.



Documentary source plate 195. Embedded scrapbook page 195 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Item 058: IMG 1153

Group: Shareable Images and Clippings
 Type: image
 Source file: IMG_1153.jpg
 Notes: Shareable image or clipping uploaded in this project.



Documentary source plate 196. Embedded scrapbook page 196 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Item 059: IMG 1154

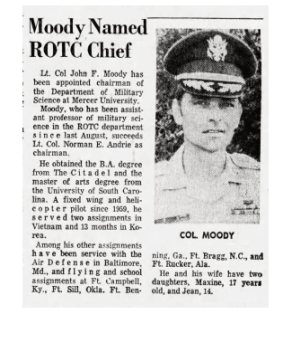
Group: Scrapbook Images and Clippings
 Type: image
 Source file: IMG_1154.jpg
 Notes: Scrapbook image or clipping uploaded in this project.



Documentary source plate 197. Embedded scrapbook page 197 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Item 060: IMG 1158

Group: Scrapbook Images and Clippings
 Type: image
 Source file: IMG_1158.jpg
 Notes: Scrapbook image or clipping uploaded in this project.



Documentary source plate 198. Embedded scrapbook page 198 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Item 061: The Macon Telegraph 1974 09 19 3 (1)

Group: Residual:Image and Clipping
 Type: image
 Source file: ThePostonCollection_1974_09_19_3_11_199
 Note: Residual:Image or clipping retained in the project.

Moody Named ROTC Chief

Lt. Col. John F. Moody has been appointed chairman of the Department of Military Science at Mercer University. Moody, who has been assistant professor of military science in the ROTC department since last August, succeeds Lt. Col. Norman E. Andrie as chairman.

He obtained the B.A. degree from The Citadel and the master of arts degree from the University of South Carolina. A fixed wing and helicopter pilot since 1960, he served two assignments in Vietnam and 13 months in Korea.

Among his other assignments have been service with the Air Defense in Baltimore, Md., and flying and school assignments at Ft. Campbell, Ky., Ft. Sill, Okla., Ft. Ben-



COL. MOODY

ning, Ga., Ft. Bragg, N.C., and Ft. Rucker, Ala.

He and his wife have two daughters, Maxine, 17 years old, and Jean, 14.

Documentary source plate 199. Embedded scrapbook page 199 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Finding Aids and Narrative Documents

Documentary source plate 200. Embedded scrapbook page 200 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Item 002: John Fleetwood Moody genealogical and biographical report

Group: Finding Aids and Narrative Documents
Type: docx_text
Source file: John Fleetwood Moody genealogical and biographical report.docx
Name: Extracted text from updated DOCX finding aid / narrative document

OCH / Search Text Preview

John Fleetwood Moody genealogical and biographical report

This is the unredacted birth and death information as current data, the strongest currently reviewed documentary source for John Fleetwood Moody is the set of unredacted records and obituary/obituary fragments, which therefore provides contemporary newspaper coverage over later corrected versions. The text contains John Fleetwood Moody was a native of Lulu City, South Carolina, son of Walter Wood Moody and Lulu Congdon Moody, graduate of Lulu City High School and The Church, class of 1891, later became an attorney in Kansas and later in Virginia. He was admitted to the bar and clerk of the Department of Military Service of the State Government, member of The Bar Association, and a high school teacher. A more corrected birth information is from the 1914 City Directory, which states:

The biographical parts of the file are too heavily edited; parents, education through The Church, his 1893 Kansas service, his 1914 1915 Missouri residency, the existence of a wife called "Fay" and daughters Blanche and Ann for the 1914 Missouri record, and the final address of a residential apartment. Later we can become the original record images were not independently reviewed in the past, as the birth certificate, death certificate, and 1914 census address images. Recent records from both sets, original newspaper and 1914 census address images, based from the South Carolina 1914 census and other pages, printed and dead copies, and the complete final Part 1 Census proof each. These items are the principal original source from South Carolina (Department of Public Health, National Archives and Records Administration, census records and death office, FamilySearch, and Ancestry, MoCo) records. The report's main analytical conclusion is straightforward: the existing evidence supports a substantial biography of a South Carolina office, attorney, educator, and writer, but it does not fully define the family life and end-of-life

Extracted Document Text**John Fleetwood Moody genealogical and biographical report****Executive summary**

Using the unredacted birth and death information as current data, the strongest currently reviewed documentary source for John Fleetwood Moody is the set of unredacted records and obituary/obituary fragments, which therefore provides contemporary newspaper coverage over later corrected versions. The text contains John Fleetwood Moody was a native of Lulu City, South Carolina, son of Walter Wood Moody and Lulu Congdon Moody, graduate of Lulu City High School and The Church, class of 1891, later became an attorney in Kansas and later in Virginia. He was admitted to the bar and clerk of the Department of Military Service of the State Government, member of The Bar Association, and a high school teacher. A more corrected birth information is from the 1914 City Directory, which states:

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*Documentary source plate 201. Embedded scrapbook page 201
from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.*

second page. The main narrative notes is narrative chronology. The 1914 newspaper record shows one wife, "Fay" and two daughters, later corrected notes point to more complicated source mapping. This is not unusual in family reconstruction. It simply means between, between, and death certificate information, and more notes narrative chronology. (MoCo)

Scope and evidentiary posture

The text analyzed file are available but because they are themselves "hard proof" but because they are digitized but incomplete. The historical newspaper biographies explicitly state that it privilege contemporary newspaper reporting over later obituary and memorial materials, requires newspaper availability, and notes later narrative notes contain what they conflict with the newspaper record. The original hard data from the newspaper record, which includes original newspaper information pages and a second starting point for proof evidence, even though they are not substitutes for original certificates, census pages, or court files. (MoCo) (MoCo)

In practical terms, the evidentiary hierarchy for this report is contemporary newspaper articles first, official registrations and record office records, when they participate in their own if the record itself was not published, later obituary, obituary, and memorial pages third, and finally two sets of memorial material, second below that. When the obituary/obituary identifies a conflict, the report follows the same rule, apply the more specific and more contemporary source. That narrative operates for narrative clarity, greater education, clarity, late-life family relationships, and post-retirement employment. (MoCo) (MoCo)

The past does not change. A useful genealogical report is allowed to say "not yet proven." This is not a weakness, it is not bad family building, even on the record. Here, the proof each is already being made to tell the story with confidence, but not yet strong enough to certify every marriage, every address, every burial record, or every official record but without entering the matching sequence. (MoCo) (MoCo)

Chronological narrative

John Fleetwood Moody's documentary trail begins in Lulu City, in the orbit of a family that the newspaper record and other sources show. The original newspaper biographies state that he was born in 1891 in Lulu City and identifies his parents as Walter Scott Moody and Lulu Congdon Moody. More importantly, it indicates that passage to contemporary evidence - 22 April 1891 article in the Florence Morning News identified Mary Susan John F. Moody as the son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Moody of Lulu City. This article is a key lead-early identity being because it is the only other lead to the difficult contemporary and family issue. (MoCo) (MoCo)

The same source clearly identifies him as a graduate of Lulu City High School and reports that he earned his bachelor's degree from The Church in 1895. By the mid-1890s, the newspaper record further identified him as holding a master's degree from University of South Carolina. Later newspaper records added an additional graduate degree claim involving Francis Marion University, but because that claim appears in the later memorial text rather than in the contemporary newspaper text, it should be treated as possible but not yet strongly proved. That distinction matters. It might result in a contemporary misstatement to newspaper account generally extended to a later summary unless the original, newspaper, or contemporary record is also based. (MoCo) (MoCo)

The military service is the strongest single component of the biography. The 22 April 1891 Florence report placed Captain Moody right along with the 10th Cavalry Regiment in Korea. It does not list, continue in the Florence News, and The Marine Magazine described him as a first-year and lieutenant pilot who had been flying since 1914, had several victories credited to Korea, and had completed his assignment in Vietnam. These same source-internal lists with service in Baltimore and assignment as schooling at Fort Campbell, Fort Hill, Fort Hanning, Fort Hargis, Norfolk, and Fort Rucker. That pattern has the traditional career rather than a single short period, even though the 1914 he had reached lieutenant colonel. Later memorial sources added that he served two theater tours and flew his biplane. These records are consistent with the broader service profile, but the adequate proof established would be the US-214, OMPF, or a verified citation list rather than obituary repetition alone. (MoCo) (MoCo)

The Moore case is normally well documented. On 18 September 1914, Moore papers reported that Lt. Col. John F. Moody had been appointed lieutenant of the Department of Military Service at Moore, Virginia, receiving Lt. Col. Norman R. Bailey. In June 1914, the Moore press credited Moore cadets with exceptional performance

*Documentary source plate 202. Embedded scrapbook page 202
from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.*

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook	
	205
	in the present proof package because the current update focus on John, not on the broader bloody sibling line. This is linked with three obituary retrieval and source-page review. Bleed-through
Evidentiary assessment by record type	The following matrix separates what is presently established from what is still only a lead.
Record type	
Status in this pass	
Evidentiary value	
Conflicts / unresolved issues	
Best original repository or next target	
Birth certificate	
Not retrieved	
Would be primary proof of birth date, place, and parents	
Current birth date are functioning or working identities: percentage already has good newspaper support	
South Carolina Department of Public Health vital records	
Death certificate	
Not retrieved	
Would be primary proof of death date, place, residence, informant, marital status, burial instructions	
Needed to resolve spouse identity at death and exact burial wording	
South Carolina Department of Public Health vital records	
SSDI / DMF	
Not independently retrieved	
Useful secondary confirmation of death and SSN insurance patterns	
No direct SSDI record to be the current proof of death	
SSDI, DMF databases; FamilySearch; Ancestry; NTEI/unauthorized DMF channels	
Country / grave / Find a Grave	
Partially supported, no direct memorial-page proof in current file set	
Would confirm burial location, plot, and sometimes family links	
Should include the First Register cemetery in South, but a direct memorial entry should still be captured	
Cemetery office, Find a Grave, church records	
Obituaries and local newspapers	
Strangest current evidentiary class	
Contemporary article pages (percentage DA, education, military status, divorce appointment, family structure in the 1970s, retirement plans, philosophy and writing plans)	

Documentary source plate 205. Embedded scrapbook page 205 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook	
	206
Later obituary paper may compress or blur marital history	
Flowers-Manning News regional newspaper archives; local libraries; obituary repositories	
1940 census	
Indicated in prior attached leads, but original page image not re-verified here	
Would anchor childhood household, parents, siblings, residence	
Familyfile repository should be checked directly against image, not against tree reconstruction	
NAHA, FamilySearch, Ancestry	
1950 census	
Indicated in prior attached leads, but original page image not re-verified here	
Would anchor early adult status, education, occupation, and residence	
Any occupation or marital/estate detail should be queried from the relevant image	
NAHA, FamilySearch, Ancestry	
Military service, Korean War era, Vietnam, ranch	
Strong but not yet "official-file complete"	
Multiple contemporaneous newspaper and later memorial materials point in the same direction	
Assets, exact war chronology, and DD-214 details still need ODFP/DD-214 confirmation	

Documentary source plate 206. Embedded scrapbook page 206 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook	
	206
	NARA OMPF, DD-214 request, unit histories, Army Aviation magazine
	Marriage record
	Not independently retrieved
	Essential to convert "Peg" into a legally proved spouse identity
	Very likely at least one marriage; exact chronology still unresolved
	Charlotte County probate; marriage records; NC vital records
	Divorce record
	Not independently retrieved
	Essential to resolve late-life spouse conflict
	Presumably the single biggest legal-genealogical gap
	County check of court where filed; SC divorce reports
	Probate / will
	Not retrieved in current proof stack
	Would show heirs, residence, executor, and possibly family structure at death
	Could clarify spouse and child relationships at death
	Wilmington County probate court; Florence County if auxiliary
	Lead docs
	Not retrieved in current proof stack
	Useful for residence chronology and spouse signatures
	Especially helpful if property was held jointly with a spouse
	Wilmington, Florence, and possible Genevieve county deed office depending on residence history
	Employment / education
	Strong in part; moderate in part
	The Citadel degree, Marine role, USC master's are well supported; later Prince Marine degree needs register-level confirmation
	First extension Florence-Dalton job is documented as intended, not yet fully proved or completed service
	The Citadel chronology; USC; Prince Marine; Marine archives; Florence-Dalton records
	Church membership
	Late; memorial-level only
	Supports community affiliation, funeral location, possible burial link
	No membership roll or session minutes reviewed
	Union Presbyterian Church records and denominational archives
	Indirectly, the source the imagery is already solid enough to stand, but the family line and end-of-life evidence is not resolved. If court-specific proof appears over the past, the next record to pull would be the death certificate.

Documentary source plate 207. Embedded scrapbook page 207 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook	
	207
	Shows the marriage license paper trail, then probate, then the 1940 and 1950 census images, then the OMPF/DD-214 that requires would clearly mean in how documents than in any additional associated narrative. Events highlighted where possible.
	Key documents and repositories
	The table below names documents actually identified in the reviewed material with official repository targets that are central to closing the remaining gaps. Where an direct article URL was provided in the attached file, the source column says so plainly.

Documentary source plate 208. Embedded scrapbook page 208 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook	
Type	209
Repository	
Date	
Citation	
Access link	
Birth certificate	
South Carolina Department of Public Health	
10 Mar 1933	
Not retrieved in this pass; official repository identified	
https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/birth-certificates	
Death certificate	
South Carolina Department of Public Health	
3 Nov 2004	
Not retrieved in this pass; official repository identified	
https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/death-certificates	
Marriage certificate search / request	
South Carolina DPH / county marriage office	
likely 1955 if first marriage lead is correct	
Original divorce not retrieved in this pass	
https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/marriage-certificates	
Divorce report guidance	
South Carolina Department of Public Health	
unknown	
Original divorce report or document not retrieved in this pass	
https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/divorce-reports	
1940 census collection	
FamilySearch / NARA	
1940	
Earlier leads indicate an entry; original image not cited in the uploaded file	
https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/3:1:3Q9M-CSK3-3?i=100111	
1950 census collection	
FamilySearch / NARA	
1950	
Earlier leads indicate an entry; original image not cited in the uploaded file	
https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/3:1:3Q9M-CSK3-3?i=100111	
Military service records request	

Documentary source plate 209. Embedded scrapbook page 209 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook	
No direct public article URL preserved in reviewed attachments; likely via local archive or newspaper database	
Karate/family profile	
The Mason News	
2 Sep 1973	
Wife, Peg; daughter Marlene and son, Max Dan Kraus (son-degree black belt, meditation emphasis. Summarized in illustrated memorial biography. Electric transcribed)	
No direct public article URL preserved in reviewed attachments	
Mexico appointment article	
The Mason News	
10 Sep 1974	
Appointment as chairman, Dep. of Military Science, Mexico University; activities and service summary. Electric transcribed (Electric transcribed)	
No direct public article URL preserved in reviewed attachments	
Mexico appointment corroborations	
The Mason Telegraph	
10 Sep 1974	
Conclusive ROTC chief / military science leadership appointment. Electric transcribed (Electric transcribed)	
No direct public article URL preserved in reviewed attachments	
Retirement / philosophy article	
The Mason News	
9 Jan 1976	
Retirement after Army career; Mexico ROTC performance; rank-and-file/wards remains planned return to South Carolina. Electric transcribed (Electric transcribed)	
No direct public article URL preserved in reviewed attachments	
Business contact article	
The Mason Telegraph	
1 Aug 1976	
Outlines transition after Moody's Mexico post. Cited in clipping-based sketch. Electric transcribed	
No direct public article URL preserved in reviewed attachments	
Cited memorial page	
The Citadel alumni memorial page	
later memorial	
Outlines class year and later memorial framing; cited in the illustrated memorial biography	

Documentary source plate 210. Embedded scrapbook page 210 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook 201

<https://ohiohistorycentral.org/ohio-6-ssssdy-55/>
VBPA memorial page
Vietnam Helicopter Pilot Association
later memorial
Relevant derivative military memorial sources cited in the attachments
<https://www.chip.org/DA7/dshM/G17P8.H7M>
Legacy obituary page
Genealogy News / Legacy
2004 notice
Later obituary later referenced in attached memorial biography
<https://www.legacy.com/us/databases/genealogy/obituaries/john-moody-obituary/51-0093038>
Army Aviation magazine
Army Aviation magazine archive
1968 issue cited in prior session research
Important likely contemporary support for rank/unit chronology
https://www.armyaviationmagazine.com/images/articles/articles/backissues/1968/08_04.pdf
Book listing for The Black Bishop
commercial bibliographic listing cited in attachment
2001
Used in illustrated memorial biography as verifiable publication evidence
https://ocw.mit.edu/books/Black-Bishop-John-Moody/0p_1100802124
Probate search portal
South Carolina probate search
current portal
Needed for estate search follow-up
<https://www.southcarolinaprobate.com/search/>
Conflicts, unresolved issues, and analytical conclusions
 The main conflict is sparse identity across time. The contemporary newspaper record is clear that Moody had a wife before publicly as "Doc" and two daughters. Later and more distant the Moore name. The later memorial lists as remembered in the illustrated biography and in prior session research, suggests a more complicated end-of-life family system and possibly a later spouse name. That is exactly the kind of discrepancy that newspapers and obituaries often cannot resolve clearly. The obituary is not speculative, it is original marriage and divorce paperwork, followed by the death certificate and probate file. **Issue: unresolved**
 A second conflict involves educational attainment. A University of South Carolina master's degree is supported by the contemporary newspaper issue. A Francis Marion master's degree appears in later memorial materials. These claims may both be true, but they presently rest on different evidentiary levels. Until a register, absent directory

Documentary source plate 211. Embedded scrapbook page 211 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

Poston Genealogical Archive Scrapbook 211

commemorative list, or published institutional record in public, the Francis Marion degree should remain a later-dated evidentiary rather than a fully signed proof paper. **Issue: unresolved**
 A final conflict is cemetery identification. The 1975 and 1976 newspaper record suggests a first degree link both in Miss Dick Kwan located in Kwan. Later memorial materials reportedly raised that to land degree. The current genealogical notes in a critical line-degree on the horizontal track and notes the area, low contemporary address as resolved. Family has been a generation, records do not. **Issue: unresolved**
 A final issue is publication history. The 1976 newspaper article documents a missing book project called The War in Vietnam. The 2001 publication of The Black Bishop is reportedly not as widely documented in the attached memorial biography. Unless a writing note on published copy of The War in Vietnam is later found it should be treated as a ghosted or forgotten work, not as a confirmed publication. **Issue: unresolved**
 A 2004 note is what was not found in the good work set itself, an original rank certificate, an original death certificate, an NDSI line on military that a class certificate and, an original 1940 or 1950 census schedule images, an marriage license or divorce records, or probate file, and the death record. These are not features of the biography already assembled. They are the remaining holes in the evidentiary wall. The good news is that each hole has an obvious reparatory target. The low good news is that until these records are public, little family discovery will ensure fully rationalized. **Issue: unresolved**

Source list

Updated lead list
 Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Howard Moody: Vietnam, Aviation, Author | Illustrated memorial biography with notes, duration, and figure captions. **Issue: unresolved**
 John Howard Moody: Clipping Board Biographical Sketch with Notes: notes on newspaper based narrative and citation list. **Issue: unresolved**

Principal repository and reference links
 South Carolina Department of Public Health - Birth certificate. <https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/birth-certificates>
 South Carolina Department of Public Health - Death certificate. <https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/death-certificates>
 South Carolina Department of Public Health - Marriage certificate. <https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/marriage-certificates>
 South Carolina Department of Public Health - Divorce register. <https://dph.sc.gov/public/vital-records/divorce-register>
 National Archives and Records Administration - Military service records request. <https://www.archives.gov/veterans/military-service-records/default.html#100>
 National Archives and Records Administration - GPOFF access guidance. <https://www.archives.gov/personal-records-requests/foia-requests>
 FamilySearch - 1940 federal census collection. <https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/3:1:3Q9M-CSK3-93?i=200219>
 FamilySearch - 1950 federal census collection. <https://www.familysearch.org/ark:/61903/3:1:3Q9M-CSK3-93?i=148115>
South Carolina probate portal: <https://www.southcarolinaprobate.com/search/>
The Cleveland memorial newspaper: <https://ohiohistorycentral.org/ohio-6-ssssdy-55/>
 Vietnam Helicopter Pilot Association memorial page. <https://www.chip.org/DA7/dshM/G17P8.H7M>
 Genealogy News / Legacy obituary page. <https://www.legacy.com/us/databases/genealogy/obituaries/john-moody-obituary/51-0093038>

Documentary source plate 212. Embedded scrapbook page 212 from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.

newspapers further revealed that he held degrees from The Citadel and the University of South Carolina, including the degree of a man whose professional life centered on both military skill and academic preparation. In that post is the file, the second clip places him in family context: he and his wife had five daughters. Dates and June

By June 3, 1970, The Mason News reported Moody at another training post. Disclosed there is a twenty-one-year veteran of the United States Army who was serving in advanced Marine ROTC training to prepare that detailed the philosophy of service. He stated items that rank did not equal human worth, urged them to hold themselves to high standards whether or not they were in uniform, and emphasized that leadership consisted of discipline and sacrifice rather than discipline. The article also recalled Moore's studies with a strong showing of advanced course during his career, suggesting that he had led a middle path on the program he led. That same clipping states that he remained in status to Lake City, South Carolina, with his wife and work as a consultant for Florence-Darlington Technical School in Florence.

Taken together, these clippings portray John Fleetwood Moody as a man shaped by duty and structure: a Lake City native who served from South Carolina into foreign theaters, served in Korea and Vietnam, rose to the rank of lieutenant colonel and brought that experience into the training of younger officers. The newspaper record does not give every detail of his life, but it gives the reader a clearly enough. John Fleetwood Moody was a disciplined military professional, an orator, an educator, and a man whose public value stemmed respectively from status and substance over chance.

Scope Note

This sketch is based on the identified newspaper article and clipping extracts in the archive set for John Fleetwood Moody. It does not attempt to resolve every little detail beyond that these newspaper sources separately state.

Source Notes

1. Florence Morning News (Florence, South Carolina), April 22, 1963, p. 10. Used for Moody's identification as Army Capt. John F. Moody, age 30, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter S. Moody of Lake City; graduate of The Citadel in 1955; and service in Korea.
2. The Mason News (Macon, Georgia), September 29, 1970, p. 48. Used for Moody's appointment to Marine Detachment, his role in military instruction, his oration background, service in Korea and Vietnam, academic credentials, honor decorations, and family details.
3. The Mason Telegraph (Macon, Georgia), September 29, 1970, p. 3. Used as corroborating coverage of Moody's Marine appointment and camp ROTC leadership role.
4. The Mason News (Macon, Georgia), June 3, 1970, p. 12. Used for Moody's retirement from the Army after twenty-one years, his transfer to Marine status, and his plan to return to Lake City and enroll in Florence-Darlington Technical School.
5. The Mason Telegraph (Macon, Georgia), May 13, 1970, p. 30. Supporting context for Moody's Marine ROTC leadership during student service coverage.
6. The Mason Telegraph (Macon, Georgia), August 1, 1970, p. 17. Supporting context including the transition into Moody's Marine post, noted for discipline but not broadly cited upon in the narrative above.

Archive File Set Used

- 1974-08-19, TheMasonNews_JohnFleetwoodMoody_permanent_listing.pdf
- 1974-08-19, TheMasonNews_JohnFleetwoodMoody_permanent_listing.pdf
- 1974-08-19, TheMaconTelegraph_JohnFleetwoodMoody_permanent_listing.pdf
- 1974-08-19, TheMaconTelegraph_JohnFleetwoodMoody_permanent_listing.pdf
- 1974-08-19, TheMaconTelegraph_JohnFleetwoodMoody_permanent_listing.pdf
- 1974-08-19, TheMaconTelegraph_JohnFleetwoodMoody_permanent_listing.pdf

*Documentary source plate 215. Embedded scrapbook page 215
from the Poston Genealogical Archive source-image sequence.*

Item 064: NotebookLM - Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody Veteran

Group: Finding Aids and Narrative Documents
Type: .docx.pdf
Source file: NotebookLM - Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody Veterans.docx
Notes: Extracted and from uploaded DOCX finding aid / narrative document

OCH / Search Text Preview

Honoring the Legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody Veteran. Author: Eric Chubbey. Format: .docx.pdf

Abstract

Copyright and Publication Status: This narrative biography was written for historical and family-generation purposes and is made available as a free publication. It is based on publicly accessible materials, including military service, official memorial records, archival newspaper listings, commercial biographical materials, news clippings, and archival registers. The author has aimed to present information accurately and to distinguish between what sources explicitly state and what is inferred as general historical context. This work is an official archival record.

Chapter 1: Introduction

Lieutenant Colonel John Fleetwood Moody belonged to a generation shaped intimately by war, duty, and patriotism in the United States. From his roots in South Carolina to his service in Korea and Vietnam, and from his leadership in the United States Marine Corps to his role as a military educator, Moody's life was a testament to the values of discipline, sacrifice, and service. This document is a tribute to his life, based on the best available information from official records, archival materials, and family accounts.

This document is a tribute to his life, based on the best available information from official records, archival materials, and family accounts. It is intended to provide a comprehensive overview of his life, from his early years to his final days, and to honor his contributions to his country and his community.

A commitment to structured leadership and education defined his early formation. He was a graduate of The Citadel, a military academy in Charleston, South Carolina. His military career began in the United States Marine Corps, where he served in various capacities, including as a platoon leader and a company commander. His service in Korea and Vietnam was marked by exceptional bravery and leadership.

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Public-obituary and memorial materials report the extensive outline of his seventy-year career, which concluded with his passing on November 3, 1954, at his residence in Raleigh, North Carolina.

A commitment to educational leadership and education defined his early formation. He was a graduate of The Citadel, associated with the Class of 1915. His contact to most his educational experience after his military service. His first formal educational experience is credited to receiving a master's degree from North Carolina State University and Francis Marion University.

Moody dedicated 22 years to the United States Army, ultimately retiring as a lieutenant colonel. Distinguishing significant assignments during one of his development in Army service, he served as a cadet company pilot and a flight-wing airplane pilot. His operational assignments included a 13-month tour in Korea, as well as two distinct assignments in Vietnam. In recognition of his exceptional performance in highly demanding operational assignments, he was awarded six Distinguished Service Crosses, two Vietnam Service Medals, and three Air Medals.

While in military service, Moody was a most of formal personal discipline and sustained philosophical reflection. He served in Korea, Korea, he began analytical material work in the Max Planck Research School of Science, eventually achieving the important rank of a flight instructor pilot. He also established himself as a published author, describing his experiences of his operational performance in highly demanding operational assignments, as well as his military service. The *Old U.S. Marine*, a book detailing his personal philosophy on operations and operational work during his military service, is his most recent work.

Yet, his most well-known has been primarily his biographical publications early in his career as his character. He presented a professional career of human equality that transcended the state, traditional boundaries of the profession. While serving as the chairman of the Department of Military Science at Marine University, he shared his own philosophy with his ROTC cadets, advising them: "Heads in the military to study no difference from the pecking order in the civilian world. Do not forget that you are serving in human society. In human society, the higher-ranking individuals exhibit leadership by example and to each lead them into believing they were voluntarily better than the state do."

This personal biography is offered to preserve John Flawhead Moody's story in a readable form. It aims to respect the honor of his public record while preserving his life, his values by contemporary discipline, social responsibility, and societal service.

Chapter 2: Origins in South Carolina

John Flawhead Moody was born in a small town in the state of South Carolina, which served as both the starting point of his journey and his lifelong geographic anchor. He was born on March 10, 1932, in Leno, CH, located in Florence County, South Carolina. Public-obituary materials and family records identify his parents as Walter Scott Moody (1907-1982) and Lela Lourenson (née Lela) Congdon Moody (1902-1976).

Moody was raised in a traditional household and was the second child of his father. He grew up alongside three brothers: Walter Lela Moody (born 1930), Billy Moody (born circa 1935), and Lela Moody (born 1940) as well as a sister, Lela Eliza Moody (born 1935). The public record provides limited information regarding his early life, but he has been identified as Lela CH. For instance, the 1950 United States Federal Census records him at the age of 17, the young Moody was working locally as a carpenter.

While his military career would eventually take him across the United States and overseas to combat zones in Korea and Vietnam, South Carolina remained a central part of his identity throughout his life. He attended the state normal school, then his early years in Leno CH to his parents of higher education at The Citadel in Charleston, the University of South Carolina, and Francis Marion University.

After completing his extensive military service, Moody returned to his home state as he has been known, residing in Leno, a community in Florence County, South Carolina. His early childhood memories include his father's influence during his passing in November 3, 1954, at the residence in Leno. He was working hard to his home state in Leno CH. His early military service in Korea and Vietnam, his academic focus led him to pursue roles in teaching. He also engaged his academic endeavors even further by earning a second master's degree from Francis Marion University.

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Chapter 3: Education and Formation

Public-obituary records identify John Flawhead Moody as a graduate of The Citadel, associating him closely with the Class of 1955. He received his Bachelor of Arts degree from the institution, including the foundation of a rigorous liberal education. The Citadel's renowned curriculum in leadership, discipline, and outdoor training fostered many military officers, and it served as a crucial early training ground for his South Carolina roots as a Marine of national service. Following his graduation, his early military commitment in 1955 was in the Infantry, serving as his entry point into the armed forces before he eventually transferred to aviation.

Moody's commitment to aviation did not end with his undergraduate studies at his military training. Military and alumni materials report that he went on to receive a Master of Arts degree from the University of South Carolina. Following his entry into human development and leadership, his academic focus led him to pursue roles in teaching. He also engaged his academic endeavors even further by earning a second master's degree from Francis Marion University.

These significant educational milestones achieved while navigating the rigors and disciplines of an active military career suggest a profound intellectual foundation. They demonstrate a dedication to continuous personal and professional development that extended far beyond the immediate tactical requirements of his early career, ultimately positioning the academic and philosophical foundation for his later roles as a professor of military science, a vocational counselor, and a published author.

Chapter 4: Army Aviation, Military Service, and Teaching

Lieutenant Colonel John Flawhead Moody dedicated 22 years to the United States Army, holding a distinguished career that bridged tactical operations, advanced instruction, and academic contributions. His military journey began after his graduation from The Citadel, receiving his early commission in the Infantry in 1955. However, it was his subsequent transition into military aviation that would define his operational focus.

In 1956, Moody became an aviator, mastering the piloting of both helicopter and fixed-wing aircraft. His time as a pilot coincided with a period of rapid tactical development in Army aviation, particularly during the Vietnam era, when his expertise became a critical component of tactical support and troop mobility. His operational assignments were extensive and demanding, encompassing a 13-month tour in Korea and two separate combat tours in Vietnam. Moody's service as a pilot is also recognized in the memorial records of the Vietnam Veterans Affairs Association, which lists him as a potential recipient and donor for contributions to their charitable mission.

Beyond his overseas deployments, Colonel Moody's expertise and leadership were utilized across the United States. His academic assignments included service with the Air Defense in Baltimore, Maryland, as well as various flight and school assignments at several of the nation's most prominent military academies: West Point, Kentucky; Fort Belknap, North Carolina; and the United States Air Force Academy, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

In the fall of 1974, Colonel Moody transferred into a vital educational role when he was appointed chairman of the Department of Military Science at Marine University in Marina, Georgia, succeeding Dr. Val Thomas R. Andrus. Moody's service as a pilot is also recognized in the memorial records of the Vietnam Veterans Affairs Association, which lists him as a potential recipient and donor for contributions to their charitable mission.

Moody's service as a pilot is also recognized in the memorial records of the Vietnam Veterans Affairs Association, which lists him as a potential recipient and donor for contributions to their charitable mission. He taught at Marine as well as served as a significant program director, while his leadership the necessary rigors of a non-military environment for ROTC instruction with Marine Corps College and, notably, established himself as a leader in the program for the very first time.

Colonel Moody distinguished ourselves from his military, and his results were exceptional. His career advanced national recognition when they led his place in several publications in the 1975 ROTC Advanced Class of Fort Bragg, North Carolina. This was a remarkable accomplishment, as the honor rolls were recognizing approximately more than 200 cadets from 115 different schools across the country.

In his 22-year military career from sea to shore, Moody achieved his final class of ROTC cadets, imparting his deeply held philosophy on duty, human dignity, and the true meaning of leadership. Looking forward to his civilian life, he desired to continue his commitment to education and leadership by following his father's legacy in teaching. Upon retiring and returning to his home state of South Carolina, he intended to work as a consultant at the Florence Enterprise Development Technical School in Florence.

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Chapter 6: Leadership at Marine University

Endorsing extensive operational deployments and extracurricular assignments across the country, Lieutenant Colonel John Flanagan Moody transferred into a pivotal administrative role that would profoundly shape the most generation of military officers. In August of 1971, Moody joined the faculty of Marine University in Miami, Florida, as an assistant professor of military science. The impact of the program was immediate and widely recognized. Just in the fall of 1971, he was appointed chairman of the Department of Military Science, succeeding Lt. Col. Norman E. Archer in the position.

The Center of Marine University coincided with a period of significant programmatic change and institutional reorganization at the Bureau Office's Training Cycle (BOTH) program. During his first year at the university in 1971, the university closed a conventional operation for BOTH instruction and training with Middle Georgia College. Moody's leadership, under his leadership, the program achieved a historic milestone for military study in selected branch colleges for the very first time.

Moody brought a higher degree perspective to the instruction, seamlessly blending traditional military science with operational and mental disciplines. Drawing on his first degree Black Belt in the Shaolin Kung Fu School of Kung Fu, he had a keen understanding of martial arts, which he used to teach students in his classes. Moody offered to teach operational classes in karate and aikido to students at the Marine University. He believed strongly in the psychological benefits of the practice, understanding that martial arts disciplines and the building of body and mind were essential components that could be achieved through meditation.

Under Colonel Moody's demanding but deeply principled leadership, the Marine BOTH center achieved an extraordinary national recognition. The program's structure was truly revolutionary when Moody's center led his first class to several performances at the Marine University's Advanced Camp held at Fort Bragg, North Carolina. This was an extraordinary feat, as the center was competing against a number of other units of over 1,000 cadets representing 13 different branch colleges for the award. The result of the performance under Moody's guidance was highly commendable. It was not that one of his own BOTH centers that year was named to receive Captain Army (CA) Commendation Superior Achievement that stood as an honor for the national scene.

As his 10-year career in the United States Army drew to a close, Moody addressed his final class of BOTH cadets during a special address. Drawing a deep philosophical and moving speech about the nature of leadership and human worth. Before the final address, he offered an encouraging lecture, however, he surprised the cadets. Moody led the address a small distance from the podium that he would speak. He said that the only rule was to be true to human worth. He finally reminded the future officers that "the best training period was over and led me every night right to human dignity in the highest ranking person's capability training time. You set me your path but you are believing that you are better than mine!"

In this final address, Moody also expressed his own beliefs regarding duty, sacrifice, and the true professional's respect for the leader. He advised the cadets to "be honest and to your duty professionally and morally," continuing to say that these virtues and values might mean that people appear arrogant, but that is the nature of excellence. He urged them to protect, defend, and live for their people, adding solemnly, "and if you must die, die for them." Reminding the young cadets of military service, he noted that service requires thinking and doing, and warned that the attitude of only wanting to stop the leader from the blood of lightning.

Leaving them with a final, guiding principle for their military careers and beyond, Moody emphasized his definition of success. "There is no year here to meet the highest standards of which you are capable. You must give to a general like me, but you will be as good with the knowledge of having kept the goal high."

Chapter 6: Devotionals, Faith, and Discipline

The unique legacy of Lieutenant Colonel John Flanagan Moody was characterized by a spiritual influence to inspire in disciplines operational excellence, a commitment that is clearly reflected in his official decorations. For the vibrant service across 13 military units in Korea and two separate combat tours in Vietnam, Moody was awarded three Bronze Stars and three Air Medals. Three significant military decorations highlight his exceptional performance, bravery, and technical proficiency in both a field and command position during several periods of his military career. Moody's commitment to strict discipline and continuous self-improvement extended beyond the battlefield, inspiring generations of United States Army. It was a moral compass grounded in duty, exemplified by his lifelong dedication to martial arts. He ultimately achieved the highly respected rank of a three-diamond Black Belt.

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In honor. The origins of this present began overseas, he earned his first-degree Black Belt in the Shaolin Kung Fu School of Kung Fu while serving with the United States Army in Seoul, Korea.

As Moody's martial arts was more deeply than physical training and self-discipline, it was a profound psychological and philosophical pursuit. He devoted himself to the study of the martial arts to learn the truth, not only to learn the art and discipline, but to find the truth that the true value of the practice lay in mental focus, inner discipline, and self-control. "The benefits of karate are mostly psychological. Complete mental discipline is the most important requirement in karate. The body and mind are unified into one. This is achieved through meditation." He used the physical exercise as a pathway to inner peace and self-reflection, noting that a person trained in karate develops a level of self-awareness that makes it "necessary for him to grow himself, and to become a far more good person."

Moody integrated these principles into his family life as well. While he was stationed overseas, his wife, Peggy, and their two daughters, Marlene and Lisa, lived in Lake City, South Carolina, where the daughters also became adept at karate, eventually earning their own belts. Highlighting his own philosophy, Moody noted, "I wasn't teaching them karate because of the physical conditioning, but rather the mental discipline."

His deep reflections on the intersection of martial discipline, martial arts, and inner peace eventually led him to become a published author. In the 1970s, he consolidated his thoughts by writing a book titled "The One in Whiskers," which detailed his personal, contemplative philosophy on meditation. Always striving for precision in his teachings, he was unable to complete a text that he believed and philosophy but "an outline to the currently popular transcendental meditation" of the era.

Ultimately, reflecting his own contemplative spiritual journey in Vietnam, Moody's BOTH center at Marine University is practicing the precise instruction of Shaolin Kung Fu karate. Lieutenant Colonel Moody's life was defined by a holistic blend of discipline, combat for beyond his missions, words, unwavering inner strength, and his personal and professional life.

Chapter 7: The Author

Lieutenant Colonel John Flanagan Moody's lifelong commitment to intellectual enrichment, personal discipline, and deep reflections ultimately found a fitting outlet in the written word. For him, writing was not merely a means to his public communication, Moody transferred into a post-service life as a published author, a role that allowed him to shape both his personal philosophy and his historical perspective into narrative form.

His first true authorship began while he was still concluding his active military service. In the mid-1970s, he was wrapping up his tenure as the chairman of the military science department at Marine University, it was announced that he had written a new title "The One in Whiskers." This work was a direct extension of the intensive martial discipline and focus he cultivated as a first-degree Black Belt in Shaolin Kung Fu karate. The book detailed his contemplative, personal philosophy on the practice of meditation. Always precise in his instruction and ideology, he was unable to complete a text that he believed and philosophy but "an outline to the currently popular transcendental meditation" of the era.

Beyond that, Moody's extended reflections delved from philosophy to narrative to historical fiction. Official duties and personal and professional obligations rarely prevented him from the word. "The Black Belt" led to BOTH DISCIPLINE AND DISCIPLINE, the book is commonly regarded as a 1980 paperback release. Drawing heavily upon his historical context of the deep Southern roots, the novel's narrative is considered a classic example of literary fiction following the structure of lines of two Southern characters while one Black. The story gradually leads their complex relationship across the border of race, through the turbulence period of the American Civil War, and into the new found.

An unusual occasion of his life point out, while commercial outlets can only rarely afford a limited set of titles that the work states, intellectual curiosity, and captured their attention through the story of the author's life in depth. A recent review of the book, in the last years, revealed highly regarded with the work and the history of the book's impact. In writing "The Black Belt," Moody sought to explore the complex layers of the South and the personal human experience he had indelibly witnessed throughout his life, uncovers changing history into an enduring narrative.

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Chapter 9. Family, Faith, and Community

The public and private records of Lieutenant Colonel John Flannery Moody portray a man who, despite a highly demanding and already arduous military career, remained deeply rooted in his family and his local community. In his later years confined to bedrest, South Carolina, he continued his civilian life through civic and spiritual engagement. In an open, dedicated meeting of the Union Presbyterian Church he will act as a supporter of the Branch of the Library. His commitment to community care, and work continued even beyond his lifetime, upon his passing, his family reported that materials he donated to the Union Children's Church on the Bay Coast of the Carolina, reflecting a sustained appreciation for cultural and youth enrichment.

The history of his life reveals a rich, enduring family legacy. On June 1, 1891, shortly after his graduation from The Citadel, he married Margaret Doring Moore Moody, who was often affectionately known as "Peg". Together, they raised five children: Harriet Moody Frazier, born in February 1911; and Laura Jane Lambert Moody, born in January 1905. The family temporarily resided in his former residence in post-war Charleston. While Moody was stationed elsewhere, he and his daughter resided in the home of his father in Lake City, South Carolina, where he actively taught both Harriet and Joan his philosophy of equal arts and musical cultivation.

As his family grew, so did his personal legacy. At the time of his passing in November 1986, Moody's records are stored in his family's home in Charleston, South Carolina, and his papers are housed in the U.S. Army and U.S. Marine Corps Archives. Moody was a deeply proud grandfather to five grandchildren: Elizabeth Ann Patton, his Children's Pastor, Susan Patton, Michael Ann Reed, and Philip Ashley Reed.

The public obituary record also reflects the enduring structure of his family in his later years. At the time of his death, he was survived by his wife, Margaret Doring Moody, along with six daughters: Susan M. Kuhn of Savannah, Georgia, and a step-daughter, Brenda Kuhn. His daughters, especially, loved Margaret Doring Moody and his career with the private historical archive team itself, while public access to information outside that of complete source information, the overarching narrative is one of an equanimous, deeply loved surviving family.

Throughout his trials and tribulations, Moody also maintained an unwavering connection to his siblings, all of whom served him. His family network remained open and warm to his later years, including his three brothers: Frederick Moody of Lake City, Bill Moody of Oxford, and Lee Ray Moody of Whitehaven for younger sons; Laura Ellen Moody of Charleston.

Following his death at the age of 71 on November 3, 1986, his community gathered to honor his remarkable life. His final resting place at the Wakefield Presbyterian Burying Ground, and a memorial service was held at South Carolina's War Hero Cemetery, the Union Presbyterian Church. Ultimately, his journey came full circle when he was laid to rest at the Lake City First Baptist Church Cemetery, resting permanently in the South Carolina mountains, where his extraordinary story of service, discipline, and family first began.

Chapter 9. Conclusion

The publicly available record portrays Lieutenant Colonel John Flannery Moody as a dedicated South Carolina who pursued rigorous education, served valiantly as an Army officer across two major conflicts, and sustained meaningful connections of personal discipline. Over the course of his seventy-one years, his journey took him from the battlefield in Lake City to the enduring operational environments of Korea and Vietnam, and into the war-torn halls of Mexico University.

Through every phase of his life, Moody demonstrated a commitment to excellence that went far beyond the minimum requirements of his profession. He was a highly decorated warrior who served in the United States Army, including two tours in Korea and three in Vietnam, and a Medal of Honor recipient. Yet, his legacy is not defined solely by his military accolades. He was a lifelong reader and scholar, creating multiple masterpieces from the University of South Carolina and Francis Marion University; and writing his deep understanding of human psychology to inspire the next generation of military officers.

Moody's life was also characterized by intense internal faith and sustained intellectual reflection. He achieved a thoughtful faith that he later took home to his family, taught meticulously to his children, and ultimately translated his philosophy and lessons of selflessness into his published works, including *The One In Motion* and the 2011 history of World War II's Black Bishop. In his later years he continued his devotion to his faith, South Carolina, actively engaging

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with his community through the Union Presbyterian Church and the Branch of the Library, while pursuing a devoted father, grandfather, and brother.

In an effort to document the significance of his historical biography, the site of this work was conceived to encompass history. It aims to present what the available public records, historical documents, and family materials reasonably suggest, presenting a coherent and verifiable narrative of a life defined by service, commitment, and unwavering personal life. It honors a man whose legacy consistently elevated himself above right from the start.

Ultimately, justice is made further concrete by including history and personal philosophy of Lieutenant Colonel John Flannery Moody than the pasting advice is required by the BPPV index or as prepared to order from the military.

"There is no one but to meet the highest standards of which you are capable. You may never be a great man, but you will be at peace with the knowledge of having fought the good fight."

Sources and Methodology

This research largely relies primarily on publicly available obituary and archival materials to establish core biographical facts. To build a more comprehensive and detailed narrative, these foundational facts were heavily supplemented by private memorial letters, family historical materials, ceremonial liturgical materials, and historical newspaper articles, such as *The Marion Telegraph*, *The Marion News*, and *The Florence Morning News*. The foundational core of this work was to engage in archiving, but rather to present what the available public records, historical documents, and family materials can reasonably and factually support. It aims to present a coherent and verifiable narrative of the subject by using complementary and available resources. Crucially, where the public record is often incomplete, or inaccurate such as with complete family or second-hand details, this research does not speculate without verified documentation.

Source Citations (as provided in the manuscript)

Genealogy News. Legacy website: <https://www.legacy.com/us/databases/genealogy/index/JohnFlanneryMoody.html>; 4009

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